
 $^2\text{H}(^9\text{Li},\text{P})$ **2003Sa07**

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	J. H. Kelley, C. G. Sheu and J. L. Godwin, et al.		NP A745 155 (2004)	31-Mar-2004

2003Sa07: $^2\text{H}(^9\text{Li},\text{P})$ E=20 MeV/nucleon, measured particle spectra, (fragment)P-coin, angular distributions. ^{10}Li deduced ground-state mass excess lower limits. ^{10}Li deduced neutron decay branching ratio, resonance features. S800 spectrograph.

2004Be57: $^2\text{H}(^9\text{Li},\text{P})$ E=2.36 MeV/nucleon, measured particle spectra. ^{10}Li deduced excited states features.

2004Je08: $^2\text{H}(^9\text{Li},\text{P})$ E=2.36 MeV/nucleon, measured excitation energy spectrum. ^{10}Li deduced excited state.

 ^{10}Li Levels

E(level)	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
$<0.2 \times 10^3?$		E(level): from $E_{\text{REL}}(^9\text{Li} + \text{N}) < 0.2$ MeV (2003Sa07).
0.32×10^3 11	< 0.32 MeV	E(level): from $E_{\text{REL}}(^9\text{Li} + \text{N}) = 0.35$ MeV 11 (2003Sa07). The $Q(\beta^-)$ Value spectrum is best fit with a single peak At $E_{\text{rel}} = 0.35$ MeV 11, but two resonances At $E_{\text{rel}} < 0.2$ MeV and 0.77 MeV 24 also provide a reasonable fit.
$0.74 \times 10^3?$ 24		E(level): from $E_{\text{REL}}(^9\text{Li} + \text{N}) = 0.77$ MeV 24 (2003Sa07).