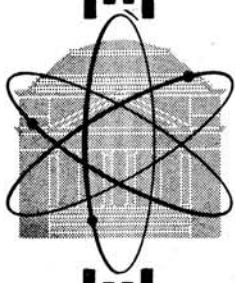


LUTE and LATEX, Special-Purpose Codes to  
Translate from Modified - UK to ENDF/B Format

Technical Report  
Contract No. DASA01-69-C-0029  
Defense Atomic Support Agency  
Washington, D.C. 20305

ENDF-128

Submitted by:  
Donald J. Dudziak  
and  
Jason M. Cook



**Research Laboratories for the Engineering Sciences  
University of Virginia  
Charlottesville**

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Division of Nuclear Engineering  
RESEARCH LABORATORIES FOR THE ENGINEERING SCIENCES  
SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND APPLIED SCIENCE  
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## ABSTRACT

Two special-purpose FORTRAN IV codes have been written to translate neutron interaction and photon production data from an extended version of the UK Data File format to ENDF/B Data File format. The codes operate only on the subset of the general UK neutron data format which was used for the Defense Atomic Support Agency (DASA)-sponsored evaluations of sodium, magnesium, silicon, chlorine, potassium and calcium. Descriptions of the codes' functions and operation are given, along with input instructions, output descriptions, and INDEX'ed listings of all main programs and subroutines.

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LUTE and LATEX, Special-Purpose Codes to Translate from  
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Donald J. Dudziak and Jason M. Cook

I. Introduction and Summary

At the inception of the ENDF/B (Evaluated Nuclear Data File/B)<sup>(1)</sup> effort of the CSEWG (Cross Section Evaluation Working Group), the University of California, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory undertook the task of providing evaluations of  $^{6}\text{Li}$  and  $^{7}\text{Li}$ <sup>(2)</sup> for the file. Part of that task involved translating data from the UK Data File format to the ENDF/B Data File format, so a simple single-purpose code was written to perform the translation. Later (1967) the Los Alamos Laboratory undertook to translate an evaluation of  $\text{Na}^{(3)}$  from modified UK format to ENDF/B format. These Na data included photon production data to be translated into the appropriate extended ENDF/B format,<sup>(4)</sup> and from this effort evolved two ad hoc FORTRAN IV codes, LUTE and LATE, for the CDC 6600 Computer. The present report is intended to document the extended versions of these codes, LUTE and LATEX, which were used at the University of Virginia to translate evaluations of Mg, Cl, K, and Ca<sup>(3)</sup> into ENDF/B. Both of these codes are written in FORTRAN IV and are now operational on the Burrough's B5500 computer at the University of Virginia. They should be readily adaptable to other computers if the need arises.

In the context of this report, the modification of the UK format used by Drake, et al<sup>(3)</sup> will be referred to as the "UK format." However, LUTE and LATEX are interim translation codes which can accommodate only the subset of the options in the general format of the UK Data File<sup>(5)</sup> which was used by Drake, et al (e.g., angular distributions given by tabulations but not as Legendre coefficients, and secondary energy distributions given by tabulations only). They were never intended for general use, and a program to produce a much more ambitious and general translation code is being undertaken by Oak Ridge National Laboratory. However, they may have some further usefulness in the interim period.

The need for two separate codes may not be apparent. However, because of

differences in photon production formats for inelastic scattering to discrete levels, as well as indexing requirements in File I of the ENDF/B data, and other reasons, this was the most expeditious approach. Briefly, LUTE translates into ENDF/B format the photon production cross sections and/or yields, as well as the angular distributions of these photons. When combined with punched-card data for File I and photon production transition probability arrays (cf. §3.2 of Ref. 4), the LUTE output is used by LATEX, in conjunction with the data tape in UK format, to produce a complete ENDF/B data tape. LATEX translates the neutron interaction data (ENDF/B Files 3, 4, and 5) and shuffles the data files into the proper arrangements.<sup>(1,4)</sup>

## 2. Functions and Operation of the Codes LUTE and LATEX

In order to understand either code it is essential that the user be familiar with the ENDF/B and UK formats, and such familiarity is assumed in the discussions to follow. The first versions of both codes were written before the standard ENDF/B retrieval subroutines<sup>(6)</sup> were available. They read and write in card-image format, and both are now in the FORTRAN IV dialect characteristic of the B5500 computer.

A listing of the LUTE code, along with an INDEX of the code statement numbers and variable names, is given in Appendix A. A similar listing and INDEX of LATEX are given in Appendix B.

Typical running times for LUTE were about 20 minutes central processor and 15 minutes I/O on the B5500. For LATEX the corresponding times were about 35 minutes and 25 minutes, respectively. Essentially the same codes (previous versions) on the CDC6600 ran in about 2 minutes central processor time and 10 minutes peripheral processor time.

### 2.1. Burroughs B5500 Computer FORTRAN Compiler Features

The only major change which should affect the running of either of these programs on other machines is the method of expressing the End-of-File and parity error branches. The method used by the B5500 is

READ (U, F, END=S) LIST

where U is the unit number

F is the format number

S is the statement to go to if an End-of-File is reached

LIST is the list of variables to be read.  
The same form is used when a parity error is detected.

READ (U, F, ERR=S) LIST

where the symbols have the same meaning as above except that S is the statement to proceed to upon detection of a parity error.

#### Unit Designation

The following designations are used by LUTE for the I/O units:

- 7 -- card reader
- 9 -- line printer
- 10 -- UK-format input tape
- 11 -- card punch

The following designations are used by LATEX for the I/O units:

- 2 -- ENDF/B-format output tape
- 3 -- scratch tape (or equivalent disk or extended core storage)
- 4 -- scratch tape (or equivalent disk or extended core storage)
- 5 -- scratch tape (or equivalent disk or extended core storage)
- 6 -- scratch tape (or equivalent disk or extended core storage)
- 7 -- scratch tape (or equivalent disk or extended core storage)
- 8 -- UK-format input tape
- 9 -- line printer
- 10 -- card reader
- 12 -- scratch tape (or equivalent disk or extended core storage)

#### 2.2. LUTE Code and Subroutines

The LUTE code reads a card-image tape of data in the UK format and translates photon production cross sections and angular distributions into ENDF/B format. It consists of a main program and six subroutines, the main program being essentially a calling routine. All ENDF/B data cards are both written on the line printer and punched. The first subroutine called is SKIPTOP, which searches the tape until photon production data are found; i.e., UK general classification numbers (GCN) 11, 12, or 13. The remaining five subroutines are each functionally related to one specific class of data

(e.g., angular distributions, discrete photon yields, etc.) as follows:

- 2.2.1. RADCAP and DISCRT: The subroutine RADCAP is called when data for photon production from radiative capture are encountered; i.e., when GCN=12. This subroutine then reads the section of data in UK format, finds the total photon yields, and calls DISCRT. Then the DISCRT subroutine writes (and punches) the ENDF/B section for radiative capture (MF=15, MT=102).
- 2.2.2. ANGLE: The subroutine ANGLE is called when data for angular distributions of photons are encountered; i.e., when GCN=11. If the total number of angular distributions given in the UK file is zero, an isotropic distribution is written for the corresponding ENDF/B section, by use of a flag on the HEAD card (cf. §3.1 of Ref. 4). Otherwise, all angular distributions for all discrete photons are read in, converted to ENDF/B format, and punched. It is assumed that the angular distributions in the UK format are already normalized.
- 2.2.3. PRODXS: The subroutine PRODXS is called when data for photon production are encountered in the UK format, with GCN=13. However, sections for photon production by inelastic scattering to discrete levels (PCN=5 to 14 and 51 to 80) are referred to the subroutine PH0, because these data are often entered into ENDF/B as transition probability arrays. For inelastic scattering to the continuum (MT=15), the differential photon production cross section is integrated over photon energy to get a total photon production cross section (XS) at each incident neutron energy. These cross sections are then divided by the corresponding neutron interaction cross sections (EP, which appear in MF=3, MT=15), which are read from input cards, to compute total photon yields. After the yields are punched in ENDF/B format, the photon production cross sections are normalized (by dividing by the integrated values) to probability density functions and punched in ENDF/B format.

- 2.2.4. PHO: The subroutine PHO is called by PRODXS for reaction types which have proton production data specified in ENDF/B as transition probability arrays. Using a cutoff energy read from card input, PHO punches a section of unit cross section for ENDF/B File 3, MT=110. This reaction type (MT) number is used for residual photon production cross sections above the energy of the highest level entered in the transition probability array. By using the ruse of a unit cross section in File 3, the "yields" in File 15 are thus in reality total photon production cross sections, the same as in the UK format. If photon production cross sections are desired in lieu of transition probability arrays for any or all sections, they can easily be obtained by the device of setting the cutoff energy at zero.
- 2.2.5. SKIPTOP: The "searching" subroutine, SKIPTOP (NMAT), is called by LUTE for the purpose of determining the location of the material of interest on the input tape, where several materials may be in the same tape file. The method used to accomplish this is 1) to skip a number, as read from card input, of cards without checking the material number, and 2) to read card-by-card and check for proper material number (NIN), for PCN not equal to 0, and for GCN equal to either 11, 12, or 13. If SKIPTOP is unsuccessful in finding the material on tape, a statement to that effect (viz., "MATERIAL IS NOT ON TAPE") is printed and the run is then terminated.

### 2.3 LATEX Code and Subroutines

The LATEX code reads a card-image tape of data in the UK format, along with punched card input for photon production, photon energy distribution, and photon angular distribution data. A complete ENDF/B data tape is then produced by a translation. LATEX consists of a main program and five subroutines, where the main program is the calling routine and principal writing routine. One subroutine (SKPMAT) serves to find the material on the tape, while another (SHUFL) rearranges the various ENDF/B files into a complete ENDF/B data tape. The other subroutines are each functionally related

to one specific class of data (e.g., angular distributions, average cosine of the scattering angle, or energy distributions). Included in the code are several temporary logical "IF" statements to correct erroneous data on the UK data tape.

The main program reads the UK data type and, depending upon the value of GCN/PCN, then calls the appropriate subroutine. It also performs some preliminary conversion of units of the data. The subroutines ANGULO and ENERGIA translate their appropriate sections of data, write HEAD, CONT, TAB2, and partial TAB1 records, and then return control to the main program for writing the remainder of the TAB1 record. All of the File 3 translation is done by the main program, and after the translation is completed a section (MT=251) is added for the  $\bar{\mu}_{LAB}$  values. These values are computed by AVERIA from the tabulated angular distributions for elastic scattering (MF=4, MT=2).

- 2.3.1. ANGULO: This subroutine translates data for the angular distributions of secondary neutrons, assuming the distributions are given in UK format as tabulations vice Legendre coefficients. The angular distributions as given in UK format are integrated and then normalized for the ENDF/B Data File.
- 2.3.2. AVERIA: This subroutine computes  $\bar{\mu}_{LAB}$ , the average cosine of the scattering angle in the laboratory system. In the case of elastic scattering (MT=2), the  $\bar{\mu}_{LAB}$  data are stored and then used at the end of File 3 to construct the MT=251 section. The values of  $\bar{\mu}_{LAB}$  are extended down to the lowest energy for which an elastic scattering cross section is given in File 3(MF=3, MT=2), using a value of  $\bar{\mu}_{LAB} = 2/(3 \cdot \Delta W)$  at this lowest energy. This value is also used at 0.75 times the lowest incident neutron energy in (MF=4, MT=2). The integration to determine  $\bar{\mu}_{LAB}$  is performed by Simpson's rule. The incident neutron energy and corresponding  $\bar{\mu}_{LAB}$  are listed on the output.
- 2.3.3. ENERGIA: This subroutine translates data for energy distributions of secondary neutrons, assuming the distributions are given in UK format as tabulations. The given tabulated distributions are integrated over secondary energy and then normalized for the ENDF/B Data File. These integrals over secondary energy are

listed on the output.

- 2.3.4. SKPMAT: This short subroutine just searches the input UK data tape until the proper material is found, and then returns control to the main program. If the material is not found on the tape, a statement to that effect (viz. "MATERIAL IS NOT ON TAPE") is printed and the run terminated.
- 2.3.5. SHUFL: This subroutine takes as input all the ENDF/B files for the material being processed, and rearranges them onto tape 2 (the final output tape). It reads the TPID record, all of Files 1, 14, and 15 and Section 110 of File 3(MF=3, MT=110) from cards. The rest of the data are read from the scratch tape (#12) used during the LATEX translation phase. If the final output tape is successfully written, a comment to that effect is printed, and the tape is then listed.

### 3. Input and Output Specifications

#### 3.1. LUTE Input/Output

- 3.1.1. LUTE Input: The input for LUTE consists of both cards and tape.

The tape should contain a cross-section data set of the material of interest, in UK format. Other materials may be listed in the same tape file. The tape is designated as unit 10.

The card input is as follows:

\*Card 1: MAT(ENDF/B), NMAT(UK NIN), MTP, ED, ZA, AWR. These are entered in (3I12, 3E12.4) format. This card lists the material numbers in both ENDF/B and UK systems, the MT number for the residual photon production cross-sections (usually 110), the cutoff energy dividing the transition probability array option from photon production option (in eV), and the ZA and AWR of the material of interest.

Card 2: N

This is entered in I6 format.

This card lists the number of cards to be skipped by SKIPTOP without checking NIN (material number), GCN, or PCN.

Card 3: EP(J)

These are entered in 6E12.5 format and may require more than one card.

The card(s) lists the values of EP, the neutron cross sections for MT=15 at the incident neutron energies which appear in GCN/PCN=13015.

3.1.2. LUTE Output

The output from LUTE should consist of File 14 and File 15 data along with some File 3 data.

Data in ENDF/B format, both punched cards and a listing, will appear in the same order in which the data are encountered on the UK-format tape. However, the first time the subroutine PHO is called, (i.e., the first time photon production data appear for inelastic scattering to discrete levels, and the incident neutron energy is above the cutoff energy), all File 3 data records for a unit cross section in MT=110 will appear. This usually occurs after MF=14, MT=5.

At the end of each section, the printer listing will show a line with "VVVV...VVV." This line is used only to separate the different sections and has no meaning. Other lines on the printer listing which will not appear in the card output are

- 1) the first card in LUTE's input deck,
- 2) the EP(J) values (neutron cross sections for MT=15 at the incident neutron energies), which come before MF=15, MT=15 and
- 3) the integrals of the differential photon production cross sections over photon energy, XS(J), which will also come before MF=15, MT=15, but after the EP(J) values.

3.2. LATEX Input/Output

3.2.1. LATEX Input

The input to LATEX will consist essentially of the output from LUTE with some additional cards, and the tape with the data in UK format. The output from LUTE will also have to be rearranged.

These changes are as follows:

- 1) The MF=3, MT=110 cards are placed immediately before any File 14 cards.
- 2) All of the File 14 cards are then placed in increasing order of MT number, as one would expect an ENDF/B listing to appear. The same is then done for File 15.
- 3) The MF=15, MT=110 cards are usually placed in the order in which they are produced by LUTE, though this is not essential. They are then placed in their appropriate location in File 15. HEAD, TABI (total yields) and SEND records for this section must be punched by hand, since LUTE only punches the subsections.
- 4) The transition probability arrays (MF=15, MT=5 through 14 and 51 through 80) must be punched by hand and added to File 15.

In addition to these changes and additions to the LUTE output, additional input must be added. The final LATEX card input consists of

- 1) Two control cards which are inserted at the beginning of the data deck. These are as follows:

Card 1: ZA, AWR, NMAT(UK NIN), MAT(ENDF/B)

These are entered in (2E12.5, 2I6) format with the remainder of the card being free alpha field.

Card 2: TPID

This is entered in I6 format.

- 2) All File 1 cards, including both the table of contents and the index, along with the SEND and FEND cards.
- 3) The rearranged and supplemented LUTE output as described above.

It should be pointed out that the only FEND card which is included in the input data is the File 1 FEND card. LATEX will

write the other FEND cards, as well as MEND and TEND cards.

The same tape which is used for input to LUTE is also used by LATEX, i.e., the tape with the data in UK format for the material of interest. This tape is designated as unit 8.

### 3.2.2. LATEX Output

The output from LATEX will consist of both a listing and an ENDF/B-format tape, designated unit 2. The listing will contain the following information:

- 1) the input control card (first card in the input deck).
- 2) HEAD cards for the different sections.
- 3) groups of two lines for File 4 data, consisting of
  - a) the integral of  $P(\mu, E_i)$  over all  $\mu$ .
  - b)  $E_i$ , the incident neutron energy, and  $\bar{\mu}_{LAB}$ .  
These lines will always appear in File 4 where the distribution is non-isotropic.
- 4) the integral of  $\sigma(E', E_i)$  over all  $E'$  for all File 5 sections. Due to a quirk in the code, the HEAD card for the section will always be written after the first integral value.
- 5) the last line is a TEND card.

The above groups, other than the first and last line, will be repeated throughout in the order the data were found on the UK-format tape.

If the final output tape is successfully written, the output will contain the statement "THE ENDF/B TAPE, AS GIVEN BELOW, WAS SUCCESSFULLY WRITTEN." Finally, a copy of the entire ENDF/B data tape (tape 2) will be listed, including TPID and TEND records.

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The authors are grateful to Dr. Morris E. Battat and Mr. Raphael J. LaBauve of the University of California, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory, whose advice and counsel provided valuable guidance to one of us (D. J. D.) in the original programming of translation routines. Also, the assistance of two summer students (Mr. Gary Thayer at LASL and Mr. James F. Church at the University of Virginia) in de-bugging successive versions of the codes is gratefully acknowledged.

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APPENDIX A

```

C
C+++++++
C          LUTE ++++++
C
C          LOS ALAMOS CODE FOR UKAEA TO ENDF/B FORMAT CONVERSION
C          -
C          -
C          WRITTEN BY**DONALD J. DUDZIAK
C          UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ALAMOS SCIENTIFIC LAB.
C          LOS ALAMOS, NM 87544
C
C          1. MAT = ENDF/B MAT
C          2. NMAT = UK NIN
C          3. MTP = MT NUMBER FOR PHOTON PRODUCTION
C          4. ED = ENERGY DIVIDING TRANSITION ARRAY SYSTEM FROM PHOTON
C             PRODUCTION SYSTEM (= ENERGY OF HIGHEST LEVEL IN
C             FILE15, OPTION 2). *** EV ***
C
C          EP(J) ARE THE NEUT XSEC FOR MT=15 AT THE INCIDENT NEUT ENERGIES,
C          IN 6E12.5 FORMAT. INSERT AFTER CARD 3 OF RTN=13015.
C
C          DIMENSION EG(270), E(270), XS(270), Y(270)
C          DIMENSION A(7,25,30), P(7,25,30), EP(175), NE(7), NANGS(175)
C          COMMON A,P,EG,E,XS,NGC,NPC,N2,NB,LLAW,NB2,ES,MAT,AWR,ZA,Y,NANGS,EPLUT
C          1,NE,NPRS,EL,EU, NTM,MTP,NFL, ED
C          COMMON LTS, NMAT
C          READ (7,3) MAT, NMAT, MTP, ED, ZA, AWR
C          WRITE (9,4) MAT, NMAT, MTP, ED, ZA, AWR
C          CALL SKIPTOP(NMAT)
C          1 READ (10,5,END=2) NGC, NPC, N2, NB, NLAW, NB2, ES
C          IF (NGC.EQ.11) CALL ANGLE
C          IF (LTS.EQ.1 .AND. NGC.EQ.11) GO TO 1
C          IF (LTS.EQ.1 .AND. NGC.EQ.13) CALL ANGLE
C          IF (NGC.EQ.12) CALL RADCAP
C          IF (NGC.EQ.13) CALL PRODXS
C          IF (NGC.EQ.11 .OR. NGC.EQ.12 .OR. NGC.EQ.13) GO TO 1
C          WRITE (9,6)
C          2 STOP
C          3 FORMAT (3I12, 1P3E12.4)
C          4 FORMAT (5X, 3I12, 1P3E12.4)
C          5 FORMAT (I8, I3, 4I12, E12.4)
C          6 FORMAT (5X, 20HWHAT THE HELL IS GNC)
C          END
C
C          LUT 1
C          LUT 2
C          LUT 3
C          LUT 4
C          LUT 5
C          LUT 6
C          LUT 7
C          LUT 8
C          LUT 9
C          LUT 10
C          LUT 11
C          LUT 12
C          LUT 13
C          LUT 14
C          LUT 15
C          LUT 16
C          LUT 17
C          LUT 18
C          LUT 19
C          LUT 20
C          LUT 21
C          LUT 22
C          LUT 23
C          LUT 24
C          LUT 25
C          LUT 26
C          LUT 27
C          LUT 28
C          LUT 29
C          LUT 30
C          LUT 31
C          LUT 32
C          LUT 33
C          LUT 34
C          LUT 35
C          LUT 36
C          LUT 37
C          LUT 38
C          LUT 39
C          LUT 40
C          LUT 41
C          LUT 42-

```



## SUBROUTINE ANGLE

1	SUBROUTINE ANGLE	ANG 1
C		ANG 2
C	WRITTEN BY** DONALD J. DUDZIAK	ANG 3
C		ANG 4
2	DIMENSION EG(270), E(270), XS(270), Y(270)	ANG 5
3	DIMENSION A(7,25,30), P(7,25,30), EP(175), NE(7), NANGS(175), NCDSANG	6
1	I(175)	ANG 7
4	COMMON A,P,EG,E,XS,NGC,NPC,N2,NB,LLAW,NB2,ES,MAT,AWR,ZA,Y,NANGS,EPANG	8
5	1,NE,NPRS,EL,EU, NTM,MTP,NFL, ED	ANG 9
6	COMMON LTS, NMAT	ANG 10
7	Z = 0,0	ANG 11
8	JZ = 0	ANG 12
9	J1 = 1	ANG 13
10	J2 = 2	ANG 14
11	NR = 1	ANG 15
12	MF = 14	ANG 16
	MT = NPC	ANG 17
C		ANG 18
C	INDEX M=ND COUNTS NUMBER OF PHOTON ENERGIES	ANG 19
C	INDEX NE(M) AND I COUNT NUMBER OF NEUTRON ENERGIES PER DISCRETE	ANG 20
C	PHOTON INDEX K COUNTS TOTAL NUMBER OF ANGULAR DISTRIBUTIONS	ANG 21
C		ANG 22
13	M=1	ANG 23
14	IF (LTS.EQ.1) NTEM=N2	ANG 24
15	IF (LTS.EQ.1) N2=0	ANG 25
16	IF (N2,NE,0) GO TO 403	ANG 26
17	IF (LTS.EQ.1) GO TO 402	ANG 27
18	LTS=1	ANG 28
19	RETURN	ANG 29
20	402 CONTINUE	ANG 30
C		ANG 31
C	WRITE ISOTROPIC ANGULAR DISTRIBUTION FOR ENDF/B WHEN N2=0.	ANG 32
C		ANG 33
21	GO TO 456	ANG 34
22	403 CONTINUE	ANG 35
23	ND=1	ANG 36
24	DU 415 K=1,N2	ANG 37
25	READ (10,460) E(K),BLANK,NCDS(K),EP(K),PLAW,NANGS(K)	ANG 38
26	E(K) = E(K) * 1.0E+6	ANG 39
27	EG(1)=EP(1)	ANG 40
28	IF (K,EQ,1) GO TO 405	ANG 41
29	K1=K-1	ANG 42
30	IF (EP(K).EQ.EP(K1)) GO TO 410	ANG 43
31	ND=ND+1	ANG 44
32	M=M+1	ANG 45
33	EG(M)=EP(K)	ANG 46
34	405 CONTINUE	ANG 47
35	NE(M)=0	ANG 48
36	I=0	ANG 49
37	410 CONTINUE	ANG 50

## SUBROUTINE ANGLE

PAGE 4

38	NE(M)=NE(M)+1	ANG 51
39	I=I+1	ANG 52
40	NAN=NANGS(K)	ANG 53
41	READ (10,470) (A(M,I,J),P(M,I,J),J=1,NAN)	ANG 54
42	CONTINUE	ANG 55
415	C	ANG 56
	C WRITE HEAD CARD	ANG 57
	C	ANG 58
43	WRITE (11,466) ZA,AWR,JZ, J2, ND, JZ, MAT, MF, MT, J1	ANG 59
44	WRITE ( 9,466) ZA,AWR,JZ, J2, ND, JZ, MAT, MF, MT, J1	ANG 60
45	NSEQ=2	ANG 61
46	ES = ES * 1.0E+6	ANG 62
47	DO 455 K=1,ND	ANG 63
48	EG(K) = EG(K) * 1.0E+6	ANG 64
C	WRITE TAB2 CARD FOR EACH EG	ANG 65
C	WRITE (9,465) ES,EG(K),JZ,JZ,NR,NE(K),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	ANG 66
49	WRITE (11,465) ES,EG(K),JZ,JZ,NR,NE(K),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	ANG 67
50	NSEQ=NSEQ+1	ANG 68
51	WRITE (9,475) NE(K),JZ,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	ANG 69
52	WRITE (11,475) NE(K),JZ,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	ANG 70
53	C	ANG 71
	C WRITE TAB1 RECORD FOR EACH NEUTRON ENERGY	ANG 72
C	NEN=NE(K)	ANG 73
54	DO 450 J=1,NEN	ANG 74
55	M=J*K	ANG 75
56	NP=NANGS(M)	ANG 76
57	NSEQ=NSEQ+1	ANG 77
58	WRITE (9,465) Z,E(J),JZ,JZ,NR,NP,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	ANG 78
59	WRITE (11,465) Z,E(J),JZ,JZ,NR,NP,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	ANG 79
60	NSEQ=NSEQ+1	ANG 80
61	WRITE (9,475) NP,J2,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	ANG 81
62	WRITE (11,475) NP,J2,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	ANG 82
63	NSEQ=NSEQ+1	ANG 83
64	C	ANG 84
	C CALC. NBR OF FULL LINES OF P(MU,E) TABLE, AND PRINT AND PUNCH	ANG 85
C	NFULL=NCDS(M)=2	ANG 86
65	NLAST=NP-(3*NFULL)	ANG 87
66	LL=-2	ANG 88
67	DO 420 LPRIME = 1, NFSULL	ANG 89
68	LL=LL+3	ANG 90
69	LU=LL+2	ANG 91
70	WRITE (9,480) (A(K,J,L),P(K,J,L),L=LL,LU),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	ANG 92
71	WRITE (11,480) (A(K,J,L),P(K,J,L),L=LL,LU),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	ANG 93
72	NSEQ=NSEQ+1	ANG 94
73	CONTINUE	ANG 95
74	NDIFF=NP-LU	ANG 96
420		ANG 97
75		ANG 98
		ANG 99
		ANG 100

## SUBROUTINE ANGLE

76	LUP=LU+1	ANG 101
77	IF (NDIFF.EQ.1) GO TO 425	ANG 102
78	IF (NDIFF.EQ.2) GO TO 430	ANG 103
79	IF (NDIFF.EQ.3) GO TO 435	ANG 104
80	IF (NDIFF.NE.1 .AND. NDIFF.NE.2 .AND. NDIFF.NE.3) GO TO 440	ANG 105
81	425 WRITE (9,485) A(K,J,NP),P(K,J,NP),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	ANG 106
82	WRITE (11,485) A(K,J,NP),P(K,J,NP),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	ANG 107
83	GO TO 445	ANG 108
84	430 WRITE (9,490) (ACK,J,M),P(K,J,M),M=LUP,NP),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	ANG 109
85	WRITE (11,490) (ACK,J,M),P(K,J,M),M=LUP,NP),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	ANG 110
86	GO TO 445	ANG 111
87	435 WRITE (9,480) (ACK,J,M),P(K,J,M),M=LUP,NP),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	ANG 112
88	WRITE (11,480) (ACK,J,M),P(K,J,M),M=LUP,NP),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	ANG 113
89	GO TO 445	ANG 114
90	440 WRITE (9,495)	ANG 115
91	445 CONTINUE	ANG 116
92	450 CONTINUE	ANG 117
93	NSEQ=NSEQ+1	ANG 118
94	455 CONTINUE	ANG 119
95	GO TO 458	ANG 120
96	456 CONTINUE	ANG 121
97	ND=NTEM	ANG 122
98	WRITE (9,466) ZA, AWR, J1, J2, ND, JZ, MAT, MF, MT, J1	ANG 123
99	WRITE (11,466) ZA, AWR, J1, J2, ND, JZ, MAT, MF, MT, J1	ANG 124
100	NSEQ=2	ANG 125
101	LTS=0	ANG 126
102	N2=NTEM	ANG 127
103	458 CUNTINUE	ANG 128
	C	ANG 129
	C WRITE SEND CARD	ANG 130
	C	ANG 131
104	WRITE (9,505) MAT, MF, JZ, NSEQ	ANG 132
105	WRITE (11,505) MAT, MF, JZ, NSEQ	ANG 133
106	RETURN	ANG 134
107	460 FORMAT (E11.4,E12.5,I12,2E12.5,I12)	ANG 135
108	465 FORMAT (1P2E11.4,4I11,I4,I2,I3,I5)	ANG 136
109	466 FORMAT (F11.1, 1PE11.4, 4I11, I4, I2, I3, I5)	ANG 137
110	470 FORMAT (E11.4,5E12.5)	ANG 138
111	475 FORMAT (2I11,44X,I4,I2,I3,I5)	ANG 139
112	480 FORMAT (1P6E11.4,I4,I2,I3,I5)	ANG 140
113	485 FORMAT (1P2E11.4,44X,I4,I2,I3,I5)	ANG 141
114	490 FORMAT (1P4E11.4,22X,I4,I2,I3,I5)	ANG 142
115	495 FORMAT (30HYOUR CARD=COUNT ROUTINE STINKS)	ANG 143
116	500 FORMAT (1H1)	ANG 144
117	505 FORMAT (66X,I4,I2,I3,I5)	ANG 145
118	END	ANG 146-

## SUBROUTINE ANGLE

SYMBOL						REFERENCES						
.402	-	17	20*									
403	-	16	22*									
405	-	28	34*									
410	-	30	37*									
415	-	24	42*									
420	-	68	74*									
425	-	77	81*									
430	-	78	84*									
435	-	79	87*									
440	-	80	90*									
445	-	83	86	89	91*							
450	-	55	92*									
455	-	47	94*									
456	-	21	96*									
458	-	95	103*									
460	-	25RD	107*									
465	-	49WR	50WR	59WR	60WR	108*						
466	-	43WR	44WR	98WR	99WR	109*						
470	-	41RD	110*									
475	-	52WR	53WR	62WR	63WR	111*						
480	-	71WR	72WR	87WR	88WR	112*						
485	-	81WR	82WR	113*								
490	-	84WR	85WR	114*								
495	-	90WR	115*									
500	-	116*										
505	-	104WR	105WR	117*								
A	-	3DI	4CO	41RD	71WR	72WR	81WR	82WR	84WR	85WR	87WR	
		88WR										
ANGLE	-	1										
AWR	-	4CO	43WR	44WR	98WR	99WR						
BLANK	-	25RD										
E	-	2DI	4CO	25RD	26=	59WR	60WR					
ED	-	4CO										
EG	-	2DI	4CO	27=	33=	48=	49WR	50WR				
EL	-	4CO										
EP	-	3DI	4CO	25RD	27	30	33					
ES	-	4CO	46=	49WR	50WR							
EU	-	4CO										
I	-	36=	39=	41RD								
J	-	41RD	55	56	59WR	60WR	71WR	72WR	81WR	82WR	84WR	
		85WR	87WR	88WR								
J1	-	8=	43WR	44WR	98WR	99WR						
J2	-	9=	43WR	44WR	52WR	53WR	62WR	63WR	98WR	99WR		
JZ	-	7=	43WR	44WR	49WR	50WR	59WR	60WR	98WR	99WR	104WR	
		105WR										
K	-	24	25RD	26	28	29	30	33	40	47	48	
		49WR	50WR	52WR	53WR	54	56	71WR	72WR	81WR	82WR	
		84WR	85WR	87WR	88WR							

## SUBROUTINE ANGLE

PAGE 8

Y	-	20I	4CO				
Z	-	6=	59WR	60WR			
ZA	-	4CO	43WR	44WR	98WR	99WR	

## SUBROUTINE DISCRT

PAGE 9

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1      SUBROUTINE DISCRT          DIS  1
C
C  WRITTEN BY** DONALD J. DUDZIAK   DIS  2
C
2      DIMENSION EG(270), E(270), XS(270), Y(270)   DIS  5
3      DIMENSION A(7,25,30), P(7,25,30), EP(175), NE(7), NANGS(175)   DIS  6
4      COMMON A,P,EG,E,XS,NGC,NPC,N2,NB,LLAW,NB2,ES,MAT,AWR,ZA,Y,NANGS,EPDIS   DIS  7
1,NE,NPRS,EL,EU, NTM,MTP,NFL, ED
5      COMMON LTS, NMAT           DIS  8
6      JZ=0                      DIS  9
7      J1=1                      DIS 10
8      MT=NPC                   DIS 12
9      Z=0.0                     DIS 13
10     NR=1                      DIS 14
11     NP=2                      DIS 15
12     J2=2                      DIS 16
13     MF=15                     DIS 17
14     J3=3                      DIS 18
15     J4=4                      DIS 19
16     J5=5                      DIS 20
17     NSEQ=4                     DIS 21
18     DO 305 I=1,NPRS+NSEQ=NSEQ+1    DIS 22
19     WRITE (9,310) Z,EG(I),JZ,J2,NR,NP,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ   DIS 23
20     WRITE (11,310) Z,EG(I),JZ,J2,NR,NP,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ   DIS 24
21     NSEQ=NSEQ+1                DIS 25
22     WRITE (9,315) J2,J2,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ               DIS 26
23     WRITE (11,315) J2,J2,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ               DIS 27
24     NSEQ=NSEQ+1                DIS 28
25     WRITE (9,320) EL,Y(I),EU,Y(I),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ   DIS 29
26     WRITE (11,320) EL,Y(I),EU,Y(I),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ   DIS 30
27     305 CONTINUE                DIS 31
28     NSEQ=NSEQ+1                DIS 32
C
C  WRITE SEND CARD              DIS 33
C
29     WRITE (9,325) MAT,MF,JZ,NSEQ               DIS 35
30     WRITE (11,325) MAT,MF,JZ,NSEQ               DIS 36
31     RETURN                     DIS 37
32     310 FORMAT (1P2E11.4,4I11,I4,I2,I3,I5)   DIS 38
33     315 FORMAT (2I11,44X,I4,I2,I3,I5)       DIS 39
34     320 FORMAT (1P4E11.4,22X,I4,I2,I3,I5)   DIS 40
35     325 FORMAT (66X,I4,I2,I3,I5)         DIS 41
36     END                         DIS 42
                                         DIS 43-

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**SUBROUTINE DISCRT**

**SUBROUTINE DISCRT**

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ZA - 4CO

## SUBROUTINE RADCAP

PAGE 12

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1      SUBROUTINE RADCAP                               RAD  1
C
2      C WRITTEN BY** DONALD J. DUDZIAK               RAD  2
C
3      DIMENSION EG(270), E(270), XS(270), Y(270)     RAD  5
4      DIMENSION A(7,25,30), P(7,25,30), EP(175), NE(7), NANGS(175)   RAD  6
5      COMMON A,P,EG,E,XS,NGC,NPC,N2,NB,LLAW,NB2,ES,MAT,AWR,ZA,Y,NANGS,EPRAD    7
6      1,NE,NPRS,EL,EU, NTM,MTP,NFL, ED               RAD  8
7      COMMON LTS, NMAT                            RAD  9
C
8      C THIS SUBROUTINE WILL ONLY WORK FOR ONE NEUTRON ENERGY RANGE (N2=1)RAD 10
9      DO 445 K=1,N2                           RAD 11
C
10     READ (10,220) EL,EU,NCDOS,NLAWS,PLAW,LLAW      RAD 12
11     EL=1.0E+6*EL                         RAD 13
12     EU=1.0E+6*EU                         RAD 14
13     READ (10,225) NPRS,(EG(I),Y(I),I=1,2),EG(3)    RAD 15
14     IF (NPRS.LE.2) GO TO 210                  RAD 16
15     IF (NPRS.GT.3) GO TO 205                  RAD 17
16     READ (10,230) Y(3)                      RAD 18
17     GO TO 210                                RAD 19
18     205  CONTINUE                            RAD 20
19     READ (10,230) Y(3),(EG(I),Y(I),I=4,NPRS)      RAD 21
20     210  CONTINUE                            RAD 22
21     IF (LLAW.NE.1) WRITE (9,235)                RAD 23
22     JZ = 0                                 RAD 24
23     J1 =1                                RAD 25
24     J2 = 2                                RAD 26
25     J3 = 3                                RAD 27
26     J4 = 4                                RAD 28
27     Z = 0                                 RAD 29
28     MT = NPC                             RAD 30
29     NR = 1                                 RAD 31
30     NP = 2                                 RAD 32
31     MF=15                                RAD 33
32     MF=15                                RAD 34
33     MF=15                                RAD 35
C
34     C CUMULATE TO FIND TOTAL YIELD           RAD 36
C
35     YT=0.0                                RAD 37
36     DO 215 K=1,NPRS                         RAD 38
37     EG(K)=1.0E+6*EG(K)                     RAD 39
38     YT=YT+Y(K)                            RAD 40
39     215  CONTINUE                          RAD 41
C
40     C WRITE HEAD AND TAB1 CARDS            RAD 42
C
41     C WRITE (9,255)                         RAD 43
42     WRITE (11,241) ZA,AWR,J1,JZ,NPRS,NPRS,MAT,MF,MT,J1   RAD 44
43     WRITE (9,241) ZA,AWR,J1,JZ,NPRS,NPRS,MAT,MF,MT,J1   RAD 45
44     WRITE (9,240) Z,Z,JZ,JZ,NR,NP,MAT,MF,MT,J2        RAD 46
45
46
47
48
49
50

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## SUBROUTINE RADCAP

37	WRITE (11,240) Z,Z,JZ,JZ,NR,NP,MAT,MF,MT,J2	RAD 51
38	WRITE (9,245) J2,J2,MAT,MF,MT,J3	RAD 52
39	WRITE (11,245) J2,J2,MAT,MF,MT,J3	RAD 53
40	WRITE (9,250) EL,YT,EU,YT,MAT,MF,MT,J4	RAD 54
41	WRITE (11,250) EL,YT,EU,YT,MAT,MF,MT,J4	RAD 55
42	IF (LLAW.EQ.1) CALL DISCRT	RAD 56
43	RETURN	RAD 57
44	220 FORMAT (E11.4,E12.5,2I12,E12.5,I12)	RAD 58
45	225 FORMAT (I11,5E12.5)	RAD 59
46	230 FORMAT (E11.4,5E12.5)	RAD 60
47	235 FORMAT (39HWHAT LAW DO YOU WANT FOR CAPTURE GAMMAS)	RAD 61
48	240 FORMAT (1P2E11.4,4I11,I4,I2,I3,I5)	RAD 62
49	241 FORMAT (F11.1, 1PE11.4, 4I11, I4, I2, I3, I5)	RAD 63
50	245 FORMAT (2I11,44X,I4,I2,I3,I5)	RAD 64
51	250 FORMAT (1P4E11.4,22X,I4,I2,I3,I5)	RAD 65
52	255 FORMAT (1H1)	RAD 66
53	END	RAD 67-

## SUBROUTINE RADCAP

SYMBOL		REFERENCES					
205	-	11	14*				
210	-	10	13	16*			
215	-	29	32*				
220	-	6RD	44*				
225	-	9RD	45*				
230	-	12RD	15RD	46*			
235	-	17WR	47*				
240	-	36WR	37WR	48*			
241	-	34WR	35WR	49*			
245	-	38WR	39WR	50*			
250	-	40WR	41WR	51*			
255	-	33WR	52*				
A	-	30I	4CO				
AWR	-	4CO	34WR	35WR			
DISCRT	-	42					
E	-	2DI	4CO				
ED	-	4CO					
EG	-	2DI	4CO	9RD	15RD	30*	
EL	-	4CO	6RD	7=	40WR	41WR	
EP	-	3DI	4CO				
ES	-	4CO					
EU	-	4CO	6RD	8=	40WR	41WR	
I	-	9RD	15RD				
J1	-	19=	34WR	35WR			
J2	-	20=	36WR	37WR	38WR	39WR	
J3	-	21=	38WR	39WR			
J4	-	22=	40WR	41WR			
JZ	-	18=	34WR	35WR	36WR	37WR	
K	-	29	30	31			
LLAW	-	4CO	6RD	17	42		
LTS	-	5CO					
MAT	-	4CO	34WR	35WR	36WR	37WR	
MF	-	27=	34WR	35WR	36WR	37WR	38WR
MT	-	24=	34WR	35WR	36WR	37WR	38WR
MTP	-	4CO					
N2	-	4CO					
NANGS	-	3DI	4CO				
NB	-	4CO					
NB2	-	4CO					
NCDS	-	6RD					
NE	-	3DI	4CO				
NFL	-	4CO					
NGC	-	4CO					
NLAWS	-	6RD					
NMAT	-	5CO					
NP	-	26=	36WR	37WR			
NPC	-	4CO	24				
NPRS	-	4CO	9RD	10	11	15RD	29
						34WR	35WR

**SUBROUTINE RADCAP**

NR	-	25=	36WR	37WR			
NTM	-	4C0					
P	-	3DI	4C0				
PLAW	-	6RD					
RADCAP	-	1					
RETURN	-	43					
XS	-	2DI	4C0				
Y	-	2DI	4C0	9RD	12RD	15RD	31
YT	-	28=	31=	40WR	41WR		
Z	-	23=	36WR	37WR			
ZA	-	4C0	34WR	35WR			

## SUBROUTINE PHO

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1      SUBROUTINE PHO          PHO  1
C
C WRITTEN BY D.J. DUDZIAK          PHO  2
C THIS SUBROUTINE READS PRODUCTION CROSS SECTIONS BEYOND HIGHEST LEVEL PHO  3
C           IN OPTION 2, AND PUTS THEM IN MT=MTP AS YIELDS. ALSO IT WRITESPHO  4
C           A FILE 3 SECTION WITH UNIT XS. HEAD CARD AND TOTAL YIELDS PHO  5
C           MUST BE ENTERED SEPARATELY.          PHO  6
C
C
2      DIMENSION EG(270), E(270), XS(270), Y(270)          PHO  9
3      DIMENSION A(7,25,30), P(7,25,30), EP(175), NE(7), NANGS(175)          PHO 10
4      COMMON A,P,EG,E,XS,NGC,NPC,N2,NB,LLAW,NB2,ES,MAT,AWR,ZA,Y,NANGS,EPPHO 11
1,NE,NPRS,EL,EU, NTM,MTP,NFL, ED          PHO 12
5      COMMON LTS, NMAT          PHO 13
6      J0=0          PHO 14
7      J1=1          PHO 15
8      J2=2          PHO 16
9      J5=5          PHO 17
10     J99=99          PHO 18
11     MF3=3          PHO 19
12     MF15=15          PHO 20
13     Z=0.0          PHO 21
14     UND=1.0          PHO 22
15     EXL=1.0E-2          PHO 23
16     EXU=2.0E+7          PHO 24
C
C CHANGE FOR CHLORINE (NFL=1 IF NMAT=221 AND NPC=52,53, OR 54)          PHO 25
C
17     IF (NFL .EQ. 1)          ETEM=ED          PHO 26
18     IF (NFL .EQ. 1)          ED=0.0          PHO 27
19     ES=ES*1.0E+6          PHO 28
C
C LOOP ON DISCRETE ENERGIES (EG).          PHO 31
C
20     DO 100 J=1,N2          PHO 32
21     NTM = NTM+1          PHO 33
C
C NOW WRITE AND PUNCH FILE 3 IF FIRST TIME THRU. OTHERWISE GO TO 65.          PHO 34
C
22     IF (NTM .NE. 1)          GO TO 65          PHO 35
C
C HEAD CARD, TAB1 RECORD, AND SEND CARD OF FILE 3.          PHO 36
C
23     NSEQ=1          PHO 37
24     WRITE ( 9,211) ZA,AWR,J0,J99,J0,J0,MAT,MF3,MTP,NSEQ          PHO 38
25     WRITE (11,211) ZA,AWR,J0,J99,J0,J0,MAT,MF3,MTP,NSEQ          PHO 39
26     NSEQ=NSEQ+1          PHO 40
27     WRITE ( 9,210) Z,Z,J0,J0,J1,J2,MAT,MF3,MTP,NSEQ          PHO 41
28     WRITE (11,210) Z,Z,J0,J0,J1,J2,MAT,MF3,MTP,NSEQ          PHO 42
29     NSEQ=NSEQ+1          PHO 43
30     WRITE ( 9,215) J2,J2,MAT,MF3,MTP,NSEQ          PHO 44

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## SUBROUTINE PHO

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31      WRITE (11,215) J2,J2,MAT,MF3,MTP,NSEQ          PHO 51
32      NSEQ=NSEQ+1                                     PHO 52
33      WRITE (9,220) EXL,UNO,EXU,UNO,MAT,MF3,MTP,NSEQ PHO 53
34      WRITE (11,220) EXL,UNO,EXU,UNO,MAT,MF3,MTP,NSEQ PHO 54
35      NSEQ=NSEQ+1                                     PHO 55
36      WRITE (9,240) MAT,MF3,JO,NSEQ                 PHO 56
37      WRITE (11,240) MAT,MF3,JO, NSEQ                PHO 57
38      65    CONTINUE                                 PHO 58
39      READ (10,200) EL,EU,NPRS, EG(1), PROB, NPRS   PHO 59
40      EU=EU*1.0E+6                                  PHO 60
41      EG(1)=EG(1)*1.0E+6                            PHO 61
C
C      READ ALL DATA IN FOR ONE DISCRETE PHOTON       PHO 62
C
42      READ (10,205) (E(I), XS(I), I=1,NPRS)         PHO 63
43      IF (EU .LE. ED)                               GO TO 100 PHO 64
C
C      SEARCH FOR FIRST ENERGY ABOVE ED.              PHO 65
C
44      DO 5   I=1,NPRS                                PHO 66
45      E(I)=E(I)*1.0E+6                            PHO 67
46      5    CONTINUE                                 PHO 68
47      IF (E(1).GT.ED)                               GO TO 59 PHO 69
48      IF (E(1).EQ.ED)                               GO TO 49 PHO 70
49      NC=1                                         PHO 71
50      10   CONTINUE                                 PHO 72
51      NC=NC+1                                     PHO 73
52      IF (NC.GT.NPRS)                             GO TO 100 PHO 74
53      IF (E(NC).LT.ED)                           GO TO 10  PHO 75
54      IF (E(NC).EQ.ED)                           GO TO 48  PHO 76
55      IF (E(NPRS).LE.ED)                           GO TO 100 PHO 77
C
C      INTERPOLATE FOR XS AT ED UNLESS E(1).GE.ED OR E(NC).EQ.ED.  IF SO,
C      SKIP INTERPOLATE ROUTINE.                   PHO 78
C
56      EA=E(NC-1)                                    PHO 79
57      EB=E(NC)                                     PHO 80
58      DEN=EB-EA                                   PHO 81
59      XS2=XS(NC)                                  PHO 82
60      XS1=XS(NC-1)                                PHO 83
61      EE=1.0001*ED                                PHO 84
62      NU1=EB-EE                                  PHO 85
63      NU2=EE-EA                                  PHO 86
64      XS(1)=(NU1/DEN)*XS1 + (NU2/DEN)*XS2     PHO 87
65      E(1)=EE                                     PHO 88
66      NC=NC-1                                    PHO 89
C
C      INTERPOLATION ROUTINE ENDS                  PHO 90
C
67      GO TO 50                                    PHO 91

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## SUBROUTINE PHO

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C          PHO 101
C ADVANCE ENERGY SLIGHTLY IF E(NC),EQ,ED, TO AVOID DOUBLE VALUE AT ED. PHO 102
C          PHO 103
68      48    CONTINUE          PHO 104
69          E(1)=1.0001*E(NC)  PHO 105
70          XS(1)=XS(NC)     PHO 106
71          GO TO 50          PHO 107
72      49    CONTINUE          PHO 108
73          E(1)=1.0001*E(1)  PHO 109
74          NP=NPRS           PHO 110
75          GO TO 60          PHO 111
C          PHO 112
C SHIFT TABLE OF E(I) AND XS(I) FOR COMMON PUNCH ROUTINE PHO 113
C          PHO 114
76      50    CONTINUE          PHO 115
77          NP=NPRS=NC+1      PHO 116
78          DO 55 K=2,NP       PHO 117
79          JK=NC+K-1         PHO 118
80          E(K)=E(JK)        PHO 119
81          XS(K)=XS(JK)      PHO 120
82      55    CONTINUE          PHO 121
C          PHO 122
C END OF SHIFT ROUTINE          PHO 123
C          PHO 124
83          GO TO 60          PHO 125
C          PHO 126
84      59    CONTINUE          PHO 127
85          NP=NPRS           PHO 128
C          PHO 129
86      60    CONTINUE          PHO 130
C          PHO 131
C NON WRITE AND PUNCH PHOTON PRODUCTION XS AS YIELDS IN FILE 15, LF=2. PHO 132
C FIRST TWO CARDS OF TAB1 RECORD FOR DISCRETE PHOTON ENERGY. PHO 133
C          PHO 134
87          NSEQ=1             PHO 135
88          WRITE ( 9,210)  ES,EG(1),J0,J2,J1,NP,MAT,MF15,MTP,NSEQ  PHO 136
89          WRITE (11,210)  ES,EG(1),J0,J2,J1,NP,MAT,MF15,MTP,NSEQ  PHO 137
90          NSEQ=NSEQ+1        PHO 138
91          WRITE ( 9,215)  NP, J5, MAT, MF15, MTP, NSEQ  PHO 139
92          WRITE (11,215)  NP, J5, MAT, MF15, MTP, NSEQ  PHO 140
C          PHO 141
C COMPUTE NUMBER OF FULL LINES AND LENGTH OF PARTIAL LINE. PHO 142
C          PHO 143
93          NLIN=NP/3          PHO 144
94          NREM=NP-3*NLIN     PHO 145
95          LL=-2              PHO 146
96          DO 70 K=1,NLIN     PHO 147
97          NSEQ=NSEQ+1        PHO 148
98          LL=LL+3            PHO 149
99          LU=LL+2            PHO 150

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## SUBROUTINE PHO

```

100      WRITE ( 9,225)  (E(I),XS(I), I=LL,LU), MAT,MF15,MTP,NSEQ   PHO 151
101      WRITE (11,225)  (E(I),XS(I), I=LL,LU), MAT,MF15,MTP,NSEQ   PHO 152
102    /0      CONTINUE   PHO 153
103      IF  (NREM .EQ. 0)           GO TO 85   PHO 154
104      NSEQ=NSEQ+1   PHO 155
105      IF  (NREM .EQ. 1)           GO TO 80   PHO 156
106      LUP=LU+1   PHO 157
107      WRITE ( 9,220)  (E(I),XS(I), I=LUP,NP), MAT,MF15,MTP,NSEQ   PHO 158
108      WRITE (11,220)  (E(I),XS(I), I=LUP,NP), MAT,MF15,MTP,NSEQ   PHO 159
109      GO TO 85   PHO 160
110    80      CONTINUE   PHO 161
111      WRITE ( 9,230)  E(NP),XS(NP), MAT,MF15,MTP,NSEQ   PHO 162
112      WRITE (11,230)  E(NP),XS(NP), MAT,MF15,MTP,NSEQ   PHO 163
113    85      CONTINUE   PHO 164
114    100     CONTINUE   PHO 165
115      WRITE ( 9,235)   PHO 166
C
C CHANGE FOR CHLORINE (NFL=1 IF MAT=221 AND MT=52,53,OR54)   PHO 167
C
116      IF  (NFL .EQ. 1)           ED=ETEM   PHO 168
117      RETURN   PHO 169
118    200      FORMAT  (E11.4, E12.5, I12, 2E12.5, I12)   PHO 170
119    205      FORMAT  (E11.4, 5E12.5)   PHO 171
120    210      FORMAT  (1P2E11.4, 4I11, I4, I2, I3, I5)   PHO 172
121    211      FORMAT  (F11.1, 1PE11.4, 4I11, I4, I2, I3, I5)   PHO 173
122    215      FORMAT  (2I11, 44X, I4, I2, I3, I5)   PHO 174
123    220      FORMAT  (1P4E11.4, 22X, I4, I2, I3, I5)   PHO 175
124    225      FORMAT  (1P6E11.4, I4, I2, I3, I5)   PHO 176
125    230      FORMAT  (1P2E11.4, 44X, I4, I2, I3, I5)   PHO 177
126    235      FORMAT  (80H VVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVPHO 178
127    240      FORMAT  (66X,I4,I2,I3,I5)   PHO 179
128      END   PHO 180
                                         PHO 181
                                         PHO 182
                                         PHO 183-

```



**SUBROUTINE PHO**

## SUBROUTINE PHO

Y	-	2DI	4CD
Z	-	13=	27WR
ZA	-	4CD	24WR
			25WR

=====

## SUBROUTINE PRODXS

PAGE 23

```

1      SUBROUTINE PRODXS          PXS  1
C
2      C WRITTEN BY** DONALD J. DUDZIAK   PXS  2
3      C
4      DIMENSION NGE(10)           PXS  5
5      DIMENSION EG(270), E(270), XS(270), Y(270)   PXS  6
6      DIMENSION A(7,25,30), P(7,25,30), EP(175), NE(7), NANGS(175)   PXS  7
7      COMMON A,P,EG,E,XS,NGC,NPC,N2,NB,LLAW,NB2,ES,MAT,AWR,ZA,Y,NANGS,EPPXS  8
8      1,NE,NPRS,EL,EU, NTM,MTP,NFL, ED   PXS  9
9      COMMON LTS, NMAT           PXS 10
10     IF (NPC.EQ.15) GO TO 615      PXS 11
11
12     C CHANGE FOR CHLORINE * 1052 IS FOR EXCITATION OF 6.04 MEV LEVEL IN   PXS 12
13     CL35, BUT 13052 IS FOR 1.728 MEV LEVEL IN CL37. SIMILARLY FOR PXS 14
14     13053 AND 13054. SO PUT THESE XS=S IN MT=110.           PXS 15
15
16     C
17     NFL=0                      PXS 17
18     IF (NMAT.EQ.221.AND.(NPC.EQ.52.OR.NPC.EQ.53.OR.NPC.EQ.54)) NFL=1   PXS 18
19     CALL PHO                   PXS 19
20     RETURN                     PXS 20
21     615  CONTINUE               PXS 21
22     READ (10,725) EL,EU,NCDS,NU,PLAW,NLAW           PXS 22
23
24     C A(I,J,K) = PHOTON ENERGY, P(I,J,K) = CRUSS SECTION (B/EV)   PXS 23
25
26     READ (10,730) NE(1),E(1),NGE(1),A(1,1,1),P(1,1,1),A(1,1,2)   PXS 24
27     IF (MAT.EQ.5001)           E(1) = 9.05           PXS 25
28     EL = E1                   PXS 26
29     NEC=NE(1)                 PXS 27
30
31     C READ EP(J) VALUES FROM CARDS FOLLOWING CARD 3 OF 13015, (MEV)   PXS 28
32
33     READ (7 ,740) (EP(J),J=1,NEC)           PXS 29
34     NG=NGE(1)                 PXS 30
35     READ (10,735) P(1,1,2),(A(1,1,K),P(1,1,K),K=3,NG)           PXS 31
36     DO 620 J=2,NEC             PXS 32
37     READ (10,730) NI,E(J),NGE(J),A(1,J,1),P(1,J,1),A(1,J,2)   PXS 33
38     NG=NGE(J)                 PXS 34
39     READ (10,735) P(1,J,2),(A(1,J,K),P(1,J,K),K=3,NG)           PXS 35
40     620  CONTINUE               PXS 36
41
42     C PRINT AND PUNCH IN OPTION 1 OF FILE 15, LF=1. INTEGRATE BY TRAPEZOIDAL RULE TO GET Y(E).   PXS 37
43     C INTEGRATION --XS= TOTAL XSEC (B) AT NEUTRON ENERGY E.           PXS 38
44
45     DU 630 J=1,NEC             PXS 39
46     XS(J)=0.0                 PXS 40
47     NG1=NGE(J)-1              PXS 41
48     DU 625 K=1,NG1             PXS 42
49     XS(J)=XS(J)+(((P(1,J,K)+P(1,J,K+1))*(A(1,J,K+1)-A(1,J,K)))/2,)   PXS 43
50

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## SUBROUTINE PRODXS

31	625	CONTINUE	PXS	51
	C		PXS	52
	C EP(J) IS, HERE , XSEC FROM GCN=1, PCN=15,(VALUES INPUT BY HAND).		PXS	53
	C		PXS	54
32		Y(J)=XS(J)/EP(J)	PXS	55
33	630	CONTINUE	PXS	56
34		DO 640 J=1,NEC	PXS	57
35		E(J)=(1.0E+6)*E(J)	PXS	58
36		NG=NGE(J)	PXS	59
37		DO 635 K=1,NG	PXS	60
38		A(1,J,K)=(1.0E+6)*A(1,J,K)	PXS	61
39	635	CONTINUE	PXS	62
40	640	CONTINUE	PXS	63
41		WRITE (9,780)	PXS	64
42		WRITE (9,775) (EP(J),J=1,NEC)	PXS	65
43		WRITE (9,775) (XS(J),J=1,NEC)	PXS	66
44		JZ = 0	PXS	67
45		J1 = 1	PXS	68
46		J2 = 2	PXS	69
47		NR = 1	PXS	70
48		MF = 15	PXS	71
49		MT = 15	PXS	72
50		LO = 1	PXS	73
51		Z = 0.0	PXS	74
52		NSEQ = 1	PXS	75
53		WRITE (11,746) ZA,AWR,LO,JZ,JZ,J1,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	PXS	76
54		WRITE ( 9,746) ZA,AWR,LO,JZ,JZ,J1,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	PXS	77
55		NSEQ=NSEQ+1	PXS	78
56		WRITE (9,745) Z,Z,JZ,JZ,NR,NEC,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	PXS	79
57		WRITE (11,745) Z,Z,JZ,JZ,NR,NEC,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	PXS	80
58		NSEQ=NSEQ+1	PXS	81
59		WRITE (9,765) NEC,J2,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	PXS	82
60		WRITE (11,765) NEC,J2,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	PXS	83
61		NLINES=NEC/3	PXS	84
62		NLOOP=0	PXS	85
63	645	LL=-2;NLOOP=NLOOP+1	PXS	86
64		NREM=NEC-3*NLINES	PXS	87
65		DO 650 I=1,NLINES	PXS	88
66		NSEQ=NSEQ+1	PXS	89
67		LL=LL+3	PXS	90
68		LU=LU+2	PXS	91
69		WRITE (9,750) (E(J),Y(J),J=LL,LU),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	PXS	92
70		WRITE (11,750) (E(J),Y(J),J=LL,LU),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	PXS	93
71	650	CONTINUE	PXS	94
72		LUP=LU+1;NSEQ=NSEQ+1	PXS	95
73		IF (NREM.EQ.0) GO TO 665	PXS	96
74		IF (NREM.EQ.1) GO TO 655	PXS	97
75		IF (NREM.EQ.2) GO TO 660	PXS	98
76		IF (NREM.NE.0.AND.NREM.NE.1.AND.NREM.NE.2) GO TO 705	PXS	99
77	655	WRITE (9,755) E(NEC),Y(NEC),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	PXS	100

## SUBROUTINE PRODXS

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78      WRITE (11,755) E(NEC),Y(NEC),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ          PXS 101
79      GO TO 665                                         PXS 102
80      660      WRITE (9,760) (E(J),Y(J),J=LUP,NEC),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ  PXS 103
81      WRITE (11,760) (E(J),Y(J),J=LUP,NEC),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ  PXS 104
82      665      CONTINUE                                     PXS 105
83      IF (NLOOP.EQ.2) GO TO 670                         PXS 106
C
C
C      PUNCH TAB1 CARD FOR LF=1 (TABULATED FUNCTION), RECALL YSUBK(E)= PXS 109
C      Y(E) SO USE SAME ROUTINE STARTING AT 331 TO PUNCH TABLE OF PXS 110
C      YSUBK(E).                                         PXS 111
C
84      NSEQ=NSEQ+1                                       PXS 112
85      WRITE (9,745) Z,Z,JZ,J1,NR,NEC,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ          PXS 113
86      WRITE (11,745) Z,Z,JZ,J1,NR,NEC,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ          PXS 114
87      NSEQ=NSEQ+1                                       PXS 115
88      WRITE (9,765) NEC,J2,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ          PXS 116
89      WRITE (11,765) NEC,J2,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ          PXS 117
90      GO TO 645                                         PXS 118
91      670      CONTINUE                                     PXS 119
C
C      NOW PUNCH TAB2 RECORD (2 CARDS)                      PXS 120
C
92      NSEQ=NSEQ+1                                       PXS 121
93      WRITE (9,745) Z,Z,JZ,JZ,NR,NEC,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ          PXS 122
94      WRITE (11,745) Z,Z,JZ,JZ,NR,NEC,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ          PXS 123
95      NSEQ=NSEQ+1                                       PXS 124
96      WRITE (9,765) NEC,J2,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ          PXS 125
97      WRITE (11,765) NEC,J2,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ          PXS 126
98      DO 700 J=1,NEC                                     PXS 127
99      NSEQ=NSEQ+1                                       PXS 128
C
C      PUNCH TAB1 RECORD FOR EACH E(J).                      PXS 129
C
100     WRITE (9,745) Z,E(J),JZ,JZ,NR,NGE(J),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ  PXS 130
101     WRITE(11,745) Z,E(J),JZ,JZ,NR,NGE(J),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ  PXS 131
102     NSEQ=NSEQ+1                                       PXS 132
103     WRITE (9,765) NGE(J),J2,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ          PXS 133
104     WRITE (11,765) NGE(J),J2,MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ          PXS 134
C
C      COMPUTE AND PUNCH NORMALIZED TABULATED FUNCTION, G(ESUBG,ESUBI) PXS 135
C
105     NG=NGE(J)                                         PXS 136
106     NLINES=NG/3                                       PXS 137
107     NREM=NG-3*NLINES                                 PXS 138
108     LL=-2                                           PXS 139
109     DO 675 K=1,NG                                     PXS 140
110     P(1,J,K)=P(1,J,K)/(XS(J)*1.0E+6)           PXS 141
111     675      CONTINUE                                     PXS 142
112     DO 680 I=1,NLINES                                PXS 143

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## SUBROUTINE PRODXS

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113	NSEQ=NSEQ+1	PXS 151
114	LL=LL+3	PXS 152
115	LU=LL+2	PXS 153
116	WRITE (9,750) (A(1,J,K),P(1,J,K),K=LL,LU),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	PXS 154
117	WRITE (11,750) (A(1,J,K),P(1,J,K),K=LL,LU),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	PXS 155
118	CONTINUE	PXS 156
119	LUP=LU+1	PXS 157
120	IF (NREM,EQ.0) GO TO 695	PXS 158
121	NSEQ=NSEQ+1	PXS 159
122	IF (NREM,EQ.1) GO TO 685	PXS 160
123	IF (NREM,EQ.2) GO TO 690	PXS 161
124	IF (NREM,NE.0,AND.,NREM,NE.1,AND.,NREM,NE.2) GO TO 705	PXS 162
125	685 WRITE (9,755) A(1,J,NG),P(1,J,NG),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	PXS 163
126	WRITE (11,755) A(1,J,NG),P(1,J,NG),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	PXS 164
127	GO TO 695	PXS 165
128	690 WRITE (9,760) (A(1,J,K),P(1,J,K),K=LUP,NG),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	PXS 166
129	WRITE (11,760) (A(1,J,K),P(1,J,K),K=LUP,NG),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	PXS 167
130	695 CONTINUE	PXS 168
131	700 CONTINUE	PXS 169
C		PXS 170
C	PUNCH SEND CARD	PXS 171
C		PXS 172
132	NSEQ=NSEQ+1	PXS 173
133	WRITE (9,785) MAT,MF,JZ,NSEQ	PXS 174
134	WRITE (11,785) MAT,MF,JZ,NSEQ	PXS 175
135	GO TO 710	PXS 176
136	705 WRITE (9,770)	PXS 177
137	710 RETURN	PXS 178
138	725 FORMAT (E11.4,E12.5,2I12,E12.5,I12)	PXS 179
139	730 FORMAT (I11,E12.5,I12,3E12.5)	PXS 180
140	735 FORMAT (E11.4,5E12.5)	PXS 181
141	740 FORMAT (6E12.5)	PXS 182
142	745 FORMAT (1P2E11.4,4I11,I4,I2,I3,I5)	PXS 183
143	746 FORMAT (F11.1, 1PE11.4, 4I11, I4, I2, I3, I5)	PXS 184
144	750 FORMAT (1P6E11.4,I4,I2,I3,I5)	PXS 185
145	755 FORMAT (1P2E11.4,44X,I4,I2,I3,I5)	PXS 186
146	760 FORMAT (1P4E11.4,22X,I4,I2,I3,I5)	PXS 187
147	765 FORMAT (2I11,44X,I4,I2,I3,I5)	PXS 188
148	770 FORMAT (30HYOUR LINE-COUNT ROUTINE STINKS)	PXS 189
149	775 FORMAT (1H0,6E12.5)	PXS 190
150	780 FORMAT (1H1)	PXS 191
151	785 FORMAT (66X,I4,I2,I3,I5)	PXS 192
152	END	PXS 193-

## SUBROUTINE PRODXS

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SYMBOL					REFERENCES							
615	-	7	12*									
620	-	21	25*									
625	-	29	31*									
630	-	26	33*									
635	-	37	39*									
640	-	34	40*									
645	-	63*	90									
650	-	65	71*									
655	-	74	77*									
660	-	75	80*									
665	-	73	79	82*								
670	-	83	91*									
675	-	109	111*									
680	-	112	118*									
685	-	122	125*									
690	-	123	128*									
695	-	120	127	130*								
700	-	98	131*									
705	-	76	124	136*								
710	-	135	137*									
725	-	13RD	138*									
730	-	14RD	22RD	139*								
735	-	20RD	24RD	140*								
740	-	18RD	141*									
745	-	56WR	57WR	85WR	86WR	93WR	94WR	100WR	101WR	142*		
746	-	53WR	54WR	143*								
750	-	69WR	70WR	116WR	117WR	144*						
755	-	77WR	78WR	125WR	126WR	145*						
760	-	80WR	81WR	128WR	129WR	146*						
765	-	59WR	60WR	88WR	89WR	96WR	97WR	103WR	104WR	147*		
770	-	136WR	148*									
775	-	42WR	43WR	149*								
780	-	41WR	150*									
785	-	133WR	134WR	151*								
A	-	4DI	5CO	14RD	20RD	22RD	24RD	30	38=	116WR	117WR	
	-	125WR	126WR	128WR	129WR							
AWR	-	5CO	53WR	54WR								
E	-	3DI	5CO	14RD	15=	22RD	35=	69WR	70WR	77WR	78WR	
	-	80WR	81WR	100WR	101WR							
E1	-	16										
ED	-	5CO										
EG	-	3DI	5CO									
EL	-	5CO	13RD	16=								
EP	-	4DI	5CO	18RD	32	42WR						
ES	-	5CO										
EU	-	5CO	13RD									
I	-	65	112									
J	-	18RD	21	22RD	23	24RD	26	27	28	30	32	

## SUBROUTINE PRODXS

		34	35	36	38	42WR	43WR	69WR	70WR	80WR	81WR
		98	100WR	101WR	103WR	104WR	105	110	116WR	117WR	125WR
J1	-	126WR	128WR	129WR							
J2	-	45=	53WR	54WR	85WR	86WR					
JZ	-	46=	59WR	60WR	88WR	89WR	96WR	97WR	103WR	104WR	
		44=	53WR	54WR	56WR	57WR	85WR	86WR	93WR	94WR	100WR
K	-	101WR	133WR	134WR							
		20RD	24RD	29	30	37	38	109	110	116WR	117WR
LL	-	128WR	129WR								
LLAW	-	63=	67=	68	69WR	70WR	108=	114=	115	116WR	117WR
LO	-	500									
LTS	-	50=	53WR	54WR							
LU	-	600									
LUP	-	68=	69WR	70WR	72	115=	116WR	117WR	119		
MAT	-	72=	80WR	81WR	119=	128WR	129WR				
		500	15	53WR	54WR	56WR	57WR	59WR	60WR	69WR	70WR
		77WR	78WR	80WR	81WR	85WR	86WR	88WR	89WR	93WR	94WR
		96WR	97WR	100WR	101WR	103WR	104WR	116WR	117WR	125WR	126WR
MF	-	128WR	129WR	133WR	134WR						
		48=	53WR	54WR	56WR	57WR	59WR	60WR	69WR	70WR	77WR
		78WR	80WR	81WR	85WR	86WR	88WR	89WR	93WR	94WR	96WR
		97WR	100WR	101WR	103WR	104WR	116WR	117WR	125WR	126WR	128WR
MT	-	129WR	133WR	134WR							
		49=	53WR	54WR	56WR	57WR	59WR	60WR	69WR	70WR	77WR
		78WR	80WR	81WR	85WR	86WR	88WR	89WR	93WR	94WR	96WR
		97WR	100WR	101WR	103WR	104WR	116WR	117WR	125WR	126WR	128WR
		129WR									
MTP	-	500									
N2	-	500									
NANGS	-	4DI	500								
NB	-	500									
NB2	-	500									
NCDS	-	13RD									
NE	-	4DI	500	14RD	17						
NEC	-	17=	18RD	21	26	34	42WR	43WR	56WR	57WR	59WR
		60WR	61	64	77WR	78WR	80WR	81WR	85WR	86WR	88WR
		89WR	93WR	94WR	96WR	97WR	98				
NFL	-	500	8=	9=							
NG	-	19=	20RD	23=	24RD	36=	37	105=	106	107	109
		125WR	126WR	128WR	129WR						
NG1	-	28=	29								
NGC	-	500									
NGE	-	2DI	14RD	19	22RD	23	28	36	100WR	101WR	103WR
		104WR	105								
NI	-	22RD									
NLAW	-	13RD									
NLINES	-	61=	64	65	106=	107	112				
NLOOP	-	62=	83								
NMAT	-	600	9								
NPC	-	500	7	9							



## SUBROUTINE SKIPTOP(NMAT)

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1	SUBROUTINE SKIPTOP(NMAT)	SKP	1
2	DIMENSION B(32760)	SKP	2
3	READ (7,5) N	SKP	3
4	1 IF (N .LE. 2340) GO TO 2	SKP	4
5	READ (10,6) (B(I),I=1,32760)	SKP	5
6	N = N - 2340	SKP	6
7	GO TO 1	SKP	7
8	2 N = N*14	SKP	8
9	READ (10,6) (B(I),I=1,N)	SKP	9
10	3 READ (10,7,END=4) GCN, PCN, (B(I),I=1,11), NM, B(12)	SKP	10
11	NCG=IFIX(GCN)	SKP	11
12	NCP=IFIX(PCN)	SKP	12
13	IF (NM.NE.NMAT .OR. NCP.EQ.0 .OR. (NCG.NE.11 .AND. NCG.NE.12 .AND.	SKP	13
	XNGC,NE.13)) GO TO 3	SKP	14
14	BACKSPACE 10	SKP	15
15	RETURN	SKP	16
16	4 WRITE (9,8)	SKP	17
17	STOP	SKP	18
18	5 FORMAT (I6)	SKP	19
19	6 FORMAT (13A6,A2)	SKP	20
20	7 FORMAT (F8.0,F3.0, 10A6, A1, I3, A5)	SKP	21
21	8 FORMAT (5X, 24H MATERIAL IS NOT ON TAPE.)	SKP	22
22	END	SKP	23-

## SUBROUTINE SKIPTOP(NMAT)

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SYMBOL	REFERENCES		
1	-	4*	7
2	-	4	8*
3	-	10*	13
4	-	16*	
5	-	3RD	18*
6	-	5RD	9RD 19*
7	-	10RD	20*
8	-	16WR	21*
B	-	2DI	5RD 9RD 10RD
END	-	10RD	
GCN	-	10RD	11
I	-	5RD	9RD 10RD
IFIX	-	11	12
N	-	3RD	4 6= 8= 9RD
NCG	-	11=	13
NCP	-	12=	13
NGC	-	13	
NM	-	10RD	13
NMAT	-	1AG	13
PCN	-	10RD	12
RETURN	-	15	
SKIPTOP	-	1	
STOP	-	17	

APPENDIX B

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C   ++++++++
C   WRITTEN BY**    DONALD J. DUDZIAK          LAT 1
C           UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA          LAT 2
C           LOS ALAMOS SCIENTIFIC LABORATORY  LAT 3
C           LOS ALAMOS, NM  87544            LAT 4
C
C   THIS PROGRAM TRANSFORMS CROSS SECTIONS FROM DRAKE TO THE FORM      LAT 5
C   REQUIRED BY *ENDF/B*                                              LAT 6
C
C   1.     MT=TYPE OF REACTION (SEE APPENDIX *B* OF HONECK'S REPORT    LAT 7
C          ON ENDF/B, BNL-50066).                                         LAT 8
C
C   2.     LIN = MAT NUMBER                                         LAT 9
C
C   3.     NPAREJA=NUMBER OF DATA PAIRS                            LAT 10
C
C   4.     MT=4 USES ANGULO AND AVERIA                           LAT 11
C
C   5.     MT=5 USES ENERGIA                                     LAT 12
C
C   6.     SHUFL SUBROUTINE REARRANGES DATA TO MODE3 ENDF/B TAPE.      LAT 13
C
C
C   DIMENSION E(2000), XS(2000), PAL(8)                                LAT 14
C   DIMENSION EMUBAR(300), BARMUL(300)                                 LAT 15
C   COMMON NINC,NE,NP,EIN,ENEXT,EL,EU,NTOT,LAW,NPNEXT,JT             LAT 16
C   COMMON NPAREJA,E,XS,PE,N,GMU,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU,NPRIMO             LAT 17
C   COMMON ZA,AWR,N0,N1,N2,N5,XXA,KK,INT,NMAT                         LAT 18
C   COMMON EMUBAR,BARMUL,NMU                                         LAT 19
C
C   XXA=0,
C   MMM=0
C   NO=0
C   N1=1
C   NPRIMO=1
C   N2=2
C   N3=3
C   N5=5
C   N99=99
C
C   READ (8,275) BASURA
C
C   READ ZA, AWR, NMAT(DRAKE NO), LIN(ENDF/B MAT NO)
C
C   15 CONTINUE
C   READ (10, 335, END=195) ZA, AWR, NMAT, LIN, (PAL(K),K=1,7)        LAT 30
C   WRITE (9,336) ZA, AWR, NMAT, LIN, (PAL(K), K=1,7)                  LAT 31
C   CALL SKPMAT (NMAT)
C
C   35 READ (8, 285, END=165) IFILE, MT, NE, Q, INT
C
C   IF PHOTON FILE IS FOUND, GO WRITE MT=3, MF=251.  THEN SEARCH      LAT 32
C   TAPE FOR NEXT MATERIAL.
C
C   IF (IFILE.NE.1.AND.IFILE.NE.2.AND.IFILE.NE.3) GO TO 165
C
C   TEMPORARY IF TO CORRECT ERROR IN TAPE
C
C   IF (Q.EQ.-0.0) Q=0.0

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24      Q=Q*1.0E+6          LAT  49
25      JT=0                LAT  50
26      IFILE=IFILE+2        LAT  51
27      IF (IFILE.NE.5) GO TO 55   LAT  52
28      IF (NE.NE.1) WRITE (9,205)   LAT  53
29      READ (8,345) EL,EU,NTOT,LAW   LAT  54
30      EL=EL*1.0E+6           LAT  55
31      EU=EU*1.0E+6           LAT  56
32      READ (8,355) NINC,EIN,NP,E(1),XS(1),E(2)   LAT  57
33      NE=NINC               LAT  58
34      55      CONTINUE         LAT  59
35      IF (NE.EQ.0 .AND. IFILE.EQ.4) NE=1   LAT  60
36      DO 145 KK=1,NE          LAT  61
37      IF (IFILE.NE.4) GO TO 65         LAT  62
38      CALL ANGULU            LAT  63
39      IF (NE.EQ.1)             GO TO 155       LAT  64
C
C      TEMPORARY IF.          LAT  65
C      ELIMINATE ANGULAR DISTRIBUTIONS FOR INCIDENT ENERGY BELOW THRESH. LAT  66
C
40      IF (NMAT.EQ.205.AND.IFILE.EQ.4.AND.(MT.EQ.10.OR.MT.EQ.12.OR.MT.EQ.113.OR.MT.EQ.14.OR.MT.EQ.51.OR.MT.EQ.52.OR.MT.EQ.54).AND.KK.EQ.2) GLAT  67
41      20 TO 145              LAT  68
42      GO TO 95                LAT  69
43      65      IF (IFILE.NE.5) GO TO 75         LAT  70
C
C      ENERGIA ASSUMES TABULATED SEC. ENERGY DISTR. (UK=DRAKE LAW 8)   LAT  71
C
44      CALL ENERGIA            LAT  72
45      GO TO 105              LAT  73
46      75      READ (8,295) NPAREJA          LAT  74
47      READ (8,215) (E(K),XS(K),K=1,NPAREJA)          LAT  75
C
C      TEMPORARY IF TO CORRECT CA DATA FOR INEL. SCAT. TO CONTINUUM   LAT  76
C
48      IF (NMAT.EQ.231 .AND. MT.EQ.15)           XS(2)=0.2387    LAT  77
49      IF (MT.EQ.1) EUNO=E(1)*1.0E+6          LAT  78
50      DO 85 K=1,NPAREJA          LAT  79
51      E(K)=(1.0E+6)*(E(K))          LAT  80
52      85      CONTINUE          LAT  81
53      95      CONTINUE          LAT  82
54      53      IF (IFILE.NE.3) GO TO 105        LAT  83
C
C      WRITE HEAD CARD, ETC FOR FILE 3.          LAT  84
C
55      NU=1                LAT  85
56      WRITE (12,265) ZA,AWR,NO,N99,NO,NU,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU   LAT  86
57      WRITE (9,265) ZA,AWR,NO,N99,NO,NO,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU   LAT  87
58      NU=2                LAT  88
59      WRITE (12,255) XXA,Q,NO,NO,N1,NPAREJA,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU   LAT  89
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C      WRITE (9,255) XXA,Q,NO,NO,N1,NPAREJA,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          LAT  99
59     NU=3
60     WRITE (12,325) NPAREJA,N5,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          LAT 100
61     C      WRITE (9,325) NPAREJA,N5,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          LAT 101
62     105    CONTINUE          LAT 102
63     YY=3.0          LAT 103
64     ANT=(FLOAT(NPAREJA))/YY          LAT 104
65     NT=IFIX(ANT)          LAT 105
66     BNT=FLOAT(NT)          LAT 106
67     DIFF=ANT-BNT+0.01          LAT 107
68     L==2          LAT 108
69     DO 115 K=1,NT          LAT 109
70     L=L+3          LAT 110
71     L2=L+2          LAT 111
72     NU=NU+1          LAT 112
73     C      WRITE (12,225) (E(I),XS(I),I=L,L2),LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          LAT 113
74     C      WRITE (9,225) (E(I),XS(I),I=L,L2),LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          LAT 114
75     115    CONTINUE          LAT 115
76     IF (DIFF.LE.0.1) GO TO 135          LAT 116
77     NULT=(IFIX(3.0*DIFF))-1          LAT 117
78     NU=NU+1          LAT 118
79     IF (NULT.EQ.1) GO TO 125          LAT 119
80     C      WRITE (12,235) E(NPAREJA),XS(NPAREJA),LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          LAT 120
81     C      WRITE (9,235) E(NPAREJA),XS(NPAREJA),LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          LAT 121
82     125    CONTINUE          LAT 122
83     NB=NPAREJA-1          LAT 123
84     WRITE (12,245) (E(I),XS(I),I=NB,NPAREJA),LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          LAT 124
85     C      WRITE (9,245) (E(I),XS(I),I=NB,NPAREJA),LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          LAT 125
86     135    CONTINUE          LAT 126
87     IF (MT.EQ.251) GO TO 155          LAT 127
88     IF (IFILE.EQ.4) CALL AVERIA          LAT 128
89     145    CONTINUE          LAT 129
90     155    CONTINUE          LAT 130
91     C      WRITE SEND CARD.          LAT 131
92     C      NU=NU+1          LAT 132
93     C      WRITE (12,315) LIN,IFILE,NU          LAT 133
94     C      WRITE (9,315) LIN,IFILE,NU          LAT 134
95     IF (MT.EQ.251) GO TO 185          LAT 135
96     GO TO 35          LAT 136
97     165    CONTINUE          LAT 137
98     C      WRITE FILE3, MT=251 DATA FOR MUBAR/LAB VS ENERGY          LAT 138
99     C      IFILE=3          LAT 139
100    MT=251          LAT 140
101    NMU=NMU+2          LAT 141
102    NU=1          LAT 142
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97      C      WRITE (12,26) ZA,AWR,NU,N99,NO,NO,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          LAT 149
98      C      WRITE (9,265) ZA,AWR,ND,N99,NO,NO,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          LAT 150
99      C      NU=2                                              LAT 151
      C      WRITE (12,255) XXA,XXA,NO,NO,N1,NMU,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          LAT 152
      C      WRITE (9,255) XXA,XXA,NO,NO,N1,NMU,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          LAT 153
100     C      NU=3                                              LAT 154
101     C      WRITE (12,325) NMU,N3,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          LAT 155
      C      WRITE (9,325) NMU,N3,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          LAT 156
102     C      NPAREJA=NMU          LAT 157
103     C      E(1)=EUND          LAT 158
104     C      XS(1)=2.0/(3.0*AWR)          LAT 159
105     C      XS(2)=XS(1)          LAT 160
106     C      DO 175 I=3,NMU          LAT 161
107     C      E(I)=EMUBAR(I-2)          LAT 162
108     C      XS(I)=BARMUL(I-2)          LAT 163
109    175    CONTINUE          LAT 164
110    175    E(2)=0.75*E(3)          LAT 165
111    175    GO TO 105          LAT 166
112    185    CONTINUE          LAT 167
      C      WRITE MEND (END OF MATERIAL) CARD          LAT 168
      C          LAT 169
113    185    WRITE (12,315) NO,NO,NO          LAT 170
114    185    WRITE (9,315) NO,NO,NO          LAT 171
115    185    ENDFILE 12          LAT 172
116    185    CALL SHUFL          LAT 173
117    185    GO TO 15          LAT 174
118    195    STOP          LAT 175
119    205    FORMAT (1H1,32H ONLY ONE ENERGY RANGE, OLD BOY )          LAT 176
120    215    FORMAT (E11.5,9E12.5,9X)          LAT 177
121    225    FORMAT (1P6E11.4,I4,I2,I3,I5)          LAT 178
122    235    FORMAT (1P2E11.4,44X,I4,I2,I3,I5)          LAT 179
123    245    FORMAT (1P4E11.4,22X,I4,I2,I3,I5)          LAT 180
124    255    FORMAT (1P2E11.4,4I11,I4,I2,I3,I5)          LAT 181
125    265    FORMAT (F11.1,1PE11.4,4I11,I4,I2,I3,I5)          LAT 182
126    275    FORMAT (A10)          LAT 183
127    285    FORMAT (I8,I3,I12,E12.5,I12)          LAT 184
128    295    FORMAT (55X,I4)          LAT 185
129    305    FORMAT (1H1,8A6//)          LAT 186
130    315    FORMAT (66X,I4,I2,3H 0,I5)          LAT 187
131    325    FORMAT (2I11,44X,I4,I2,I3,I5)          LAT 188
132    335    FORMAT (2E12.5,2I6,7A6)          LAT 189
133    336    FORMAT (1H1, 2E12.5, 2I6, 7A6)          LAT 190
134    345    FORMAT (E11.4,E12.5,[12,24X,I12])          LAT 191
135    355    FORMAT (I11,E12.5,I12,3E12.5)          LAT 192
136    END          LAT 193
                                LAT 194-

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SKPMAT	-	20								
STOP	-	118								
XS	-	101	400	32RD	46RD	47=	72WR	78WR	82WR	104=
		108=								105=
XXA	-	500	7=	58WR	99WR					
YY	-	62=	63							
ZA	-	500	18RD	19WR	55WR	56WR	97WR			

/

## SUBROUTINE ANGULO

PAGE 39

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1      SUBROUTINE ANGULO          ANG  1
C
C      WRITTEN BY**   DONALD J. DUDZIAK    ANG  2
C
2      DIMENSION E(2000), XS(2000)        ANG  4
3      COMMON NINC,NE,NP,EIN,ENEEXT,EL,EU,NTOT,LAW,NPNEXT,JT    ANG  5
4      COMMON NPAREJA,E,XS,PE,N,GMU,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU,NPRIMO    ANG  6
5      COMMON ZA,AWR,NO,N1,N2,N5,XXA,KK,INT,NMAT              ANG  7
6      COMMON EMUBAR,BARMUL,NUM                ANG  8
7      N3=3                                ANG  9
8      IF (KK.NE.1) GO TO 210            ANG 10
C
C      WRITE HEAD CARD ASSUMING TABULATION AND NO TRANSFORMATION MATRIX. ANG 11
C
9      NU=1                                ANG 12
10     WRITE (12,280) ZA,AWR,NO,N2,NO,NO,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU        ANG 13
11     WRITE (9,280) ZA,AWR,NO,N2,NO,NO,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU        ANG 14
C
C      FOR ANGULAR DISTRIBUTION, INT=1 IS CM SYSTEM, INT=2 IS LAB SYSTEM ANG 15
C
12     LCT=2                                ANG 16
13     IF (INT.EQ.1) LCT=2                  ANG 17
14     IF (INT.EQ.2) LCT=1                  ANG 18
C
C      WRITE CONT CARD .  LCT=2 MEANS CM SYSTEM, =1 MEANS LAB SYSTEM. ANG 19
C
15     NU=2                                ANG 20
16     WRITE (12,270) XXA,XXA,NO,LCT,NO,NO,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU        ANG 21
C
17     WRITE (9,270) XXA,XXA,NO,LCT,NO,NO,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU        ANG 22
      ND=NE                                ANG 23
C
C      TEMPORARY IF.
C
18     IF (NMAT.EQ.205.AND.IFILE.EQ.4.AND.(MT.EQ.10.OR.MT.EQ.12.OR.MT.EQ.113.
19     OR.MT.EQ.14.OR.MT.EQ.51.OR.MT.EQ.52.OR.MT.EQ.54)) ND=NE=1    ANG 24
      NU=3                                ANG 25
C
C      WRITE TAB2 CARDS ASSUMING LINEAR-LN INTERPOLATION IN ENERGY. ANG 26
C
20     IF (NE .EQ. 1)                      ND=2                ANG 27
C
C      FOR ISOTROPIC DISTRIBUTION USE 2 ENERGIES (NE=2) FROM EXTREMES AS ANG 28
C      GIVEN IN FILE 3.                         ANG 29
C
21     WRITE (12,270) XXA,XXA,NO,NO,N1,ND,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU        ANG 30
C
22     WRITE (9,270) XXA,XXA,NO,NO,N1,ND,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU        ANG 31
      NU=4                                ANG 32
C
23     WRITE (12,290) ND,N3,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU        ANG 33
C
24     WRITE (9,290) ND,N3,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU        ANG 34
      210    CONTINUE                           ANG 35

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## SUBROUTINE ANGULO

PAGE 40

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C C ISOTROPIC ROUTINE FOR NE=1 EXTENDS TO STATEMENT 212.          ANG 51
C
25      IF (NE .NE. 1)                      GO TO 212          ANG 52
26      NU=5
27      WRITE (12,270) XXA,E(1),NO,NO,N1,N2,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          ANG 53
28      C   WRITE (9,270) XXA,E(1),NO,NO,N1,N2,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          ANG 54
29      NU=6
30      WRITE (12,290) N2,N2,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          ANG 55
31      C   WRITE (9,290) N2,N2,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          ANG 56
32      NU=7
33      UNO=1.0
34      HAF=0.5
35      UNOM=-1.0
36      WRITE (12,295) UNOM, HAF, UNO, HAF, LIN, IFILE, MT, NU          ANG 57
37      C   WRITE (9,295) UNOM, HAF, UNO, HAF, LIN, IFILE, MT, NU          ANG 58
38      NU=8
39      WRITE (12,270) XXA,E(NPAREJA),NO,NO,N1,N2,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          ANG 59
40      C   WRITE (9,270) XXA,E(NPAREJA),NO,NO,N1,N2,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          ANG 60
41      NU=9
42      WRITE (12,290) N2,N2,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          ANG 61
43      C   WRITE (9,290) N2,N2,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          ANG 62
44      NU=10
45      C   WRITE (9,295) UNOM, HAF, UNO, HAF, LIN, IFILE, MT, NU          ANG 63
46      RETURN          ANG 64
47      212  CONTINUE          ANG 65
48      READ (8,250) PE,NPAREJA          ANG 66
49      READ (8,260) (E(I),XS(I),I=1,NPAREJA)          ANG 67
50      C   TEMPORARY IF.          ANG 68
51      C
52      IF (NMAT.EQ.205.AND.IFILE.EQ.4.AND.(MT.EQ.10.OR.MT.EQ.12.OR.MT.EQ.13.
53      113.OR.MT.EQ.14.OR.MT.EQ.51.OR.MT.EQ.52.OR.MT.EQ.54).AND.KK.EQ.2) GANG 69
54      20  TO 240          ANG 70
55      PE=PE*1.0E+6          ANG 71
56      C   WRITE TAB1 CARDS ASSUMING LINEAR-LINEAR INTERPOLATION IN MU(=COS) ANG 72
57      C
58      NU=NU+1          ANG 73
59      WRITE (12,270) XXA,PE,NO,NO,N1,NPAREJA,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          ANG 74
60      C   WRITE (9,270) XXA,PE,NO,NO,N1,NPAREJA,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          ANG 75
61      NU=NU+1          ANG 76
62      WRITE (12,290) NPAREJA,N2,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          ANG 77
63      C   WRITE (9,290) NPAREJA,N2,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU          ANG 78
64      C
65      C   INTEGRATE ANGULAR DISTRIBUTION (LINEAR-LINEAR) OVER MU (E(I)) ANG 79
66      C   AND DIVIDE INTO PROBABILITIES (XS(I)) TO NORMALIZE.          ANG 80
67      C
68      ANS=0.0          ANG 81
69      DO 220 I=2,NPAREJA          ANG 82
70

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## SUBROUTINE ANGULO

52	X3=E(I-1)	ANG 101
53	X4=E(I)	ANG 102
54	Y3=XS(I-1)	ANG 103
55	Y4=XS(I)	ANG 104
56	B=(Y4-Y3)/(X4-X3)	ANG 105
57	A=Y3-B*X3	ANG 106
58	AN=(X4-X3)*(A+0.5*B*(X4+X3))	ANG 107
59	ANS=ANS+AN	ANG 108
60	220 CONTINUE	ANG 109
61	WRITE (9,270) ANS	ANG 110
62	DO 230 I=1,NPAREJA	ANG 111
63	XS(I)=XS(I)/ANS	ANG 112
64	230 CONTINUE	ANG 113
65	240 CONTINUE	ANG 114
66	RETURN	ANG 115
67	250 FORMAT (E11.5,48X,I12)	ANG 116
68	260 FORMAT (E11.5,5E12.5,9X)	ANG 117
69	270 FORMAT (1P2E11.4,4I11,I4,I2,I3,I5)	ANG 118
70	280 FORMAT (F11.1,1PE11.4,4I11,I4,I2,I3,I5)	ANG 119
71	290 FORMAT (2I11,44X,I4,I2,I3,I5)	ANG 120
72	295 FORMAT (1P4E11.4, 22X, I4, I2, I3, I5)	ANG 121
73	END	ANG 122-

## SUBROUTINE ANGULO

SYMBOL		REFERENCES						
210	-	8	24*					
212	-	25	41*					
220	-	51	60*					
230	-	62	64*					
-240	-	44	65*					
250	-	42RD	67*					
260	-	43RD	68*					
270	-	16WR	21WR	27WR	36WR	47WR	61WR	69*
280	-	10WR	11WR	70*				
290	-	23WR	29WR	38WR	49WR	71*		
295	-	34WR	72*					
A	-	57=	58					
AN	-	58=	59					
ANGULO	-	1						
ANS	-	50=	59=	61WR	63			
AWR	-	500	10WR	11WR				
B	-	56=	57	58				
BARMUL	-	600						
E	-	20I	400	27WR	36WR	43RD	52	53
EIN	-	300						
EL	-	300						
EMUBAR	-	600						
ENEXT	-	300						
EU	-	300						
GMU	-	400						
HAF	-	32=	34WR					
I	-	43RD	51	52	53	54	55	62
IFILE	-	400	10WR	11WR	16WR	18	21WR	23WR
		36WR	38WR	44	47WR	49WR		27WR
INT	-	500	13	14				
JT	-	300						
KK	-	500	8	44				
LAW	-	300						
LCT	-	12=	13=	14=	16WR			
LIN	-	400	10WR	11WR	16WR	21WR	23WR	27WR
		38WR	47WR	49WR				29WR
MT	-	400	10WR	11WR	16WR	18	21WR	23WR
		36WR	38WR	44	47WR	49WR		27WR
N	-	400						
NO	-	500	10WR	11WR	16WR	21WR	27WR	36WR
N1	-	500	21WR	27WR	36WR	47WR		47WR
N2	-	500	10WR	11WR	27WR	29WR	36WR	38WR
N3	-	7=	23WR					49WR
N5	-	500						
ND	-	17=	18=	20=	21WR	23WR		
NE	-	300	17	18	20	25		
NINC	-	300						
NMAT	-	500	18	44				



## SUBROUTINE AVERIA

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1      SUBROUTINE AVERIA          AVG   1
C
C      WRITTEN BY** DONALD J. DUDZIAK    AVG   2
C      THIS SUBRT. CALCULATES MU-BAR IN LAB SYSTEM FROM TABULATED ANGULAR AVG 3
C      DISTRIBUTION IN CM SYSTEM.          AVG   4
C
C      DIMENSION E(2000), XS(2000), ETA(99)    AVG   5
C      DIMENSION EMUBAR(300), BARMUL(300)        AVG   6
C      COMMON NINC,NE,NP,EIN,ENEXT,EL,EU,NTOT,LAW,NPNEXT,JT    AVG   7
C      COMMON NPAREJA,E,XS,PE,N,GMU,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU,NPRIMO    AVG   8
C      COMMON ZA,AWR,NO,N1,N2,N5,XXA,KK,INT,NMAT    AVG   9
C      COMMON EMUBAR,BARMUL,NMU               AVG  10
C
C      CALCULATE MU-BAR (GMU)           AVG  11
C
C      GMU=0.0                         AVG  12
C      A=Awr                          AVG  13
C      DO 410 I=1,NPAREJA            AVG  14
C      ETA(I)=E(I)                   AVG  15
C      TOP=(A+E(I))+1.0              AVG  16
C      BUT=SQRT(A*A+2*A+E(I)+1.0)    AVG  17
C      E(I)=TOP/BUT                 AVG  18
C      410 CONTINUE                  AVG  19
C
C      SIMPSON'S RULE FOR INTEGRATION. CF PENNINGTON, P.193 FF.    AVG  20
C
C      NP=NPAREJA-1                 AVG  21
C      NF=NPAREJA                   AVG  22
C      DX=2.0/NP                     AVG  23
C      GMU=(XS(1)*E(1))+(XS(NF)*E(NF))    AVG  24
C      AI=0.0                        AVG  25
C      BI=0.0                        AVG  26
C      NN=NP/2                       AVG  27
C      DO 420 J=1,NN                AVG  28
C      AI=AI+XS(2*J)*E(2*J)         AVG  29
C      420 CONTINUE                  AVG  30
C      NM=NN-1                      AVG  31
C      DO 430 J=1,NM                AVG  32
C      BI=BI+XS(2*J+1)*E(2*J+1)     AVG  33
C      430 CONTINUE                  AVG  34
C      GMU=DX*(GMU+4.0*AI+2.0*BI)/3.0    AVG  35
C      WRITE (9,450) PE,GMU          AVG  36
C
C      NOW STORE PE AND MUBAR/LAB (BARMUL) FOR LATER WRITING OF FILE3,    AVG  37
C      MT=251 SECTION (AT END OF MAIN PROGRAM). ELASTIC SCATTER (MT=2)    AVG  38
C      ONLY.                         AVG  39
C
C      IF (MT.NE.2) GO TO 440        AVG  40
C      IF (KK.EQ.1) NMU=0            AVG  41
C      NMU=NMU+1                    AVG  42
C
C

```

## SUBROUTINE AVERIA

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35	EMUBAR(NMU)=PE	Avg	51
36	BARMUL(NMU)=GMU	Avg	52
37	440 CONTINUE	Avg	53
38	RETURN	Avg	54
39	450 FORMAT (E12.5,48H = ENERGY 1E12.5,5X,I4,1X,I3)	MU-BAR = , Avg	55
40	END	Avg	56
		Avg	57-

## SUBROUTINE AVERIA

## SUBROUTINE AVERIA

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PE	-	500	31WR	35			
RETURN	-	38					
SQRT	-	13					
TOP	-	12=	14				
XS	-	20I	500	19	24		
XXA	-	600					
ZA	-	600					

## SUBROUTINE ENERGIA

1	SUBROUTINE ENERGIA	ENG	1
C	WRITTEN BY** DONALD J. DUDZIAK	ENG	2
C	ENERGIA PUNZA UNA BARAJA PARA LA DISTRIBUCION DE ENERGIA EN	ENG	3
C	LISTA CINCO (MF=5).	ENG	4
C	ENERGIA ASSUMES TABULATED SEC. ENERGY DISTR. (UK=DRAKE LAW 8)	ENG	5
C		ENG	6
2	DIMENSION E(2000), XS(2000)	ENG	7
3	COMMON NINC,NE,NP,EIN,ENEXT,EL,EU,NTOT,LAW,NPNEXT,JT	ENG	8
4	COMMON NPAREJA,E,XS,PE,N,GMU,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU,NPRIMO	ENG	9
5	COMMON ZA,AWR,NO,N1,N2,N5,XXA,KK,INT,NMAT	ENG	10
6	COMMON EMUBAR,BARMUL,NMU	ENG	11
7	N3=3	ENG	12
8	P1=1.0	ENG	13
9	IF (LAW,NE.8) WRITE (9,700)	ENG	14
10	IF (NE,NE.1) GO TO 610	ENG	15
11	WRITE (9,700)	ENG	16
12	STOP	ENG	17
13	610 CONTINUE	ENG	18
14	IF (KK,NE.1) GO TO 620	ENG	19
C	READ TABLE FOR FIRST TIME THRU	ENG	20
C		ENG	21
15	REAL (8,690) XS(2),(E(I)),XS(I),I=3,NP)	ENG	22
16	GO TO 630	ENG	23
17	620 CONTINUE	ENG	24
18	READ (8,710) NINC,EIN,NP,E(1),XS(1),E(2)	ENG	25
19	READ (8,690) XS(2),(E(I)),XS(I),I=3,NP)	ENG	26
C	TEMPORARY IF.	ENG	27
C		ENG	28
20	IF (NMAT.EQ.206.AND.MT.EQ.15.AND.KK.EQ.21) E(24)=5.0	ENG	29
21	630 CONTINUE	ENG	30
C	TEMPORARY IF.	ENG	31
C		ENG	32
22	IF (NMAT.EQ.206.AND.MT.EQ.16) E(2)=1.01E-2	ENG	33
23	IF (NMAT.EQ.206.AND.MT.EQ.22) E(2)=1.01E-2	ENG	34
24	IF (NMAT.EQ.206.AND.MT.EQ.32) E(2)=1.01E-2	ENG	35
25	EIN=EIN*1.0E+6	ENG	36
26	DO 640 I=1,NP	ENG	37
27	E(I)=E(I)*1.0E+6	ENG	38
28	XS(I)=XS(I)*1.0E-6	ENG	39
29	640 CONTINUE	ENG	40
C	INTEGRATE SECONDARY ENERGY DISTRIBUTION (LINEAR-LINEAR INTERPOLA	ENG	41
C	TION ASSUMED).	ENG	42
C	INTEGRATE XS(E*)OVER E*TO NORMALIZE XS(E*,E). ASSUME LN-LN INTERPO	ENG	43
C	LATION. ROUTINE PLAGIARIZED FROM TEST9, CHECKER.	ENG	44
C	FOR FCSI OF CHECKER, X1=X3 AND X2=X4 ARE INTEGRATION LIMITS.	ENG	45

## SUBROUTINE ENERGIA

30	C	ANS=0.0	ENG	51
31		DO 650 I=2,NP	ENG	52
32		X3=E(I-1)	ENG	53
33		X4=E(I)	ENG	54
34		Y3=X5(I-1)	ENG	55
35		Y4=X5(I)	ENG	56
36		B=(Y4-Y3)/(X4-X3)	ENG	57
37		A=Y3-B*X3	ENG	58
38		AN=(X4-X3)*(A+0.5*B*(X4+X3))	ENG	59
39		ANS=ANS+AN	ENG	60
40	650	CONTINUE	ENG	61
41		WRITE (9,680) ANS	ENG	62
42		DO 660 I=1,NP	ENG	63
43		X5(I)=X5(I)/ANS	ENG	64
44	660	CONTINUE	ENG	65
45		IF (KK,NE,1) GO TO 670	ENG	66
46	C	NU=1	ENG	67
47	C	WRITE (12,730) ZA,AWR,NO,NO,N1,N0,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	68
48	C	WRITE (9,730) ZA,AWR,NO,NO,N1,N0,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	69
49	C	NU=NU+1	ENG	70
50	C	WRITE (12,720) XXA,XXA,NO,N1,N1,N2,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	71
51	C	WRITE (9,720) XXA,XXA,NO,N1,N1,N2,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	72
52	C	NU=NU+1	ENG	73
53	C	WRITE (12,740) N2,N2,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	74
54	C	WRITE (9,740) N2,N2,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	75
55	C	NU=NU+1	ENG	76
56	C	WRITE (12,720) XXA,XXA,NO,NO,N1,NE,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	77
57	C	WRITE (9,720) XXA,XXA,NO,NO,N1,NE,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	78
58	C	NU=NU+1	ENG	79
59	670	WRITE (12,740) NE,N3,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	80
60	C	CONTINUE	ENG	81
61	C	WRITE (9,740) NE,N3,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	82
	C	NU=NU+1	ENG	83
	C	WRITE (12,750) EL,P1,EU,P1,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	84
	C	WRITE (9,750) EL,P1,EU,P1,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	85
	C	NU=NU+1	ENG	86
	C	WRITE TAB2 RECORD	ENG	87
	C	NU=NU+1	ENG	88
	C	WRITE (12,720) XXA,XXA,NO,NO,N1,NE,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	89
	C	WRITE (9,720) XXA,XXA,NO,NO,N1,NE,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	90
	C	NU=NU+1	ENG	91
	C	WRITE (12,740) NE,N3,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	92
	C	WRITE (9,740) NE,N3,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	93
	C	NU=NU+1	ENG	94
	C	CONTINUE	ENG	95
	C	NU=NU+1	ENG	96
	C	WRITE TAB1 FOR SECONDARY DISTRIBUTION AT FIXED INITIAL ENERGY	ENG	97
	C	NU=NU+1	ENG	98
	C	WRITE (12,720) XXA,EIN,NO,NO,N1,NP,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG	99
			ENG	100

## SUBROUTINE ENERGIA

62	C      WRITE (9,720) XXA,EIN,NO,NO,N1,NP,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU NU=NU+1	ENG 101
63	WRITE (12,740) NP,N2,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG 102
	WRITE (9,740) NP,N2,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU	ENG 103
64	C      NPAREJA=NP	ENG 104
65	RETURN	ENG 105
66	680     FORMAT (1H0,39H XSEC INTEGRATED OVER SECONDARY ENERGY ,E17.5)	ENG 106
67	690     FORMAT (E11.5,5E12.5,9X)	ENG 107
68	700     FORMAT (1H1,34H WHAT THE HELL KIND OF ENERGY LAW )	ENG 108
69	710     FORMAT (I11,E12.5,I12,3E12.5)	ENG 109
70	720     FORMAT (1P2E11.4,4I11,I4,I2,I3,I5)	ENG 110
71	730     FORMAT (F11.1,1PE11.4,4I11,I4,I2,I3,I5)	ENG 111
72	740     FORMAT (2I11,44X,I4,I2,I3,I5)	ENG 112
73	750     FORMAT (1P4E11.4,22X,I4,I2,I3,I5)	ENG 113
74	END	ENG 114
		ENG 115-

## SUBROUTINE ENERGIA

## SUBROUTINE ENERGIA

NMAT	-	500	20	22	23	24				
NMU	-	600								
NP	-	300	15RD	18RD	19RD	26	31	42	61WR	63WR
NPAREJA	-	400	64=							
NPNEXT	-	300								
NPRIMO	-	400								
NTOT	-	300								
NU	-	400	46=	47WR	48WR	49=	50WR	51=	52WR	53=
		55=	56WR	57=	58WR	60=	61WR	62=	63WR	54WR
P1	-	8=	54WR							
PE	-	400								
RETURN	-	65								
STOP	-	12								
X3	-	32=	36	37	38					
X4	-	33=	36	38						
XS	-	20I	400	15RD	18RD	19Rd	28=	34	35	43=
XXA	-	500	50WR	56WR	61WR					
Y3	-	34=	36	37						
Y4	-	35=	36							
ZA	-	500	47WR	48WR						

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## SUBROUTINE SKPMAT (NMAT)

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1	SUBROUTINE SKPMAT (NMAT)	SKP	1
C		SKP	2
C	WRITTEN BY**DONALD J. DUDZIAK	SKP	3
C		SKP	4
2	DIMENSION B(12)	SKP	5
3	READ (8,3,END=2) (B(I),I=1,12),MAT,NSEQ	SKP	6
4	IF (MAT .NE. NMAT) GO TO 1	SKP	7
5	IF (NSEQ .EQ. 0) GO TO 1	SKP	8
6	BACKSPACE 8	SKP	9
7	RETURN	SKP	10
8	2 WRITE (9,4)	SKP	11
9	STOP	SKP	12
10	3 FORMAT (12A6,13,I2)	SKP	13
11	4 FORMAT (1X,25H MATERIAL IS NOT ON TAPE.)	SKP	14
12	END	SKP	15-

## SUBROUTINE SKPMAT (NMAT)

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SYMBOL		REFERENCES	
1	-	3*	4
2	-	8*	5
3	-	3RD	10*
4	-	8WR	11*
B	-	2DI	3RD
END	-	3RD	
I	-	3RD	
MAT	-	3RD	4
NMAT	-	1AG	4
NSEQ	-	3RD	5
RETURN	-	7	
SKPMAT	-	1	
STOP	-	9	

+-----+

## SUBROUTINE SHUFL

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1      SUBROUTINE SHUFL                      SHF  1
C
C      WRITTEN BY ** DONALD J. DUDZIAK        SHF  2
C      THIS SBRT REARRANGES A TRANSLATION OF DRAKE-S DATA (UK FORMAT) TO SHF  3
C      ENDF/B INTO MODE3 ENDF/B TAPE           SHF  4
C      TAPE12 IS INPUT ENDF/B TAPE, TAPE2 IS OUTPUT REGULAR MODE3 ENDF/B SHF  5
C                                         SHF  6
C                                         SHF  7
2      DIMENSION E(2000), XS(2000)            SHF  8
3      DIMENSION B(12), ICT(9), A(1500)        SHF  9
4      COMMON NINC,NE,NP,EIN,ENEXT,EL,EUS,NTOT,LAW,NPNEXT,JT   SHF 10
5      COMMON NPAREJA,E,XS,PE,N,GMU,LIN,IFILE,MT,NU,NPRIMO    SHF 11
6      COMMON ZA,AWR,NO,N1,N2,N5,XXA,KK,INT,NMAT             SHF 12
7      ICT(3)=0                                SHF 13
8      ICT(4)=0                                SHF 14
9      ICT(5)=0                                SHF 15
10     ICT(6) =0                               SHF 16
11     ICT(7) =0                               SHF 17
12     NU=0                                    SHF 18
13     REWIND 12                             SHF 19
C
C      LABEL = TAPE LABEL NUMBER FOR TPID RECORD (NBR LESS THAN 100). SHF 20
C                                         SHF 21
14     READ (10, 1050, END=1020)  LABEL       SHF 22
C
C      WRITE TPID CARD TO LABEL TAPE (NBR LESS THAN 100)          SHF 23
C                                         SHF 24
15     WRITE (2,1060)  LABEL                  SHF 25
C                                         SHF 26
C      WRITE FILE1 ON ENDF/B TAPE (READ FROM CARDS)          SHF 27
C                                         SHF 28
C                                         SHF 29
16     920  CONTINUE                         SHF 30
17     NU=NU+1                            SHF 31
18     READ (10,1080, ERR=915) (A(K),K=1,14), MF, A(15), NS   SHF 32
19     WRITE (2,1080) (A(K),K=1,14), MF, A(15), NU           SHF 33
20     GO TO 925                           SHF 34
21     915  WRITE (9,1081) NU                SHF 35
22     925  CONTINUE                         SHF 36
23     IF (MF .NE. 0)                      GO TO 920           SHF 37
C                                         SHF 38
C      READ FROM LATE OUTPUT TAPE, RE-ARRANGE, OUTPUT ON TAPE2.   SHF 39
C                                         SHF 40
24     930  CONTINUE                         SHF 41
25     READ (12, 1030, END=960) (B(I),I=1,11), MAT, MF, MT, NSEQ SHF 42
26     IF (MAT.NE.LIN) GO TO 960           SHF 43
C                                         SHF 44
C      IF MUBAR DATA FOUND (MF=3, MT=251), SKIP AND GO TO CARDS WITH SHF 45
C      PHOTON DATA TO GET MF=3, MT=110 (UNIT CROSS SECTION).      SHF 46
C                                         SHF 47
27     IF (MF .EQ. 3 .AND. MT .EQ. 251)    GO TO 960           SHF 48
C                                         SHF 49
C                                         SHF 50

```

## SUBROUTINE SHUFL

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28	C TEMPORARY IF.	SHF 51
29	C	SHF 52
30	IF (MT.EQ.32) MT=28	SHF 53
31	IF (MF.EQ.0) GO TO 950	SHF 54
32	NTP=MF	SHF 55
33	CONTINUE	SHF 56
34	WRITE (NTP,1030) (B(I),I=1,11),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	SHF 57
35	ICT(NTP)=ICT(NTP)+1	SHF 58
36	GO TO 930	SHF 59
37	960 CONTINUE	SHF 60
38	C	SHF 61
39	C READ AND WRITE PHOTON DATA (FROM CARDS)	SHF 62
40	C	SHF 63
41	990 READ (10, 1030, END=1010) (A(I), I=1,11), MAT, MF, MT, NSEQ	SHF 64
42	IF (MF.EQ.0) GO TO 2000	SHF 65
43	IF (MF.EQ.3) MF=11	SHF 66
44	NTP=MF-8	SHF 67
45	IF (MF.EQ.11) MF=3	SHF 68
46	2000 CONTINUE	SHF 69
47	WRITE (NTP,1030) (A(I),I=1,11), MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	SHF 70
48	ICT(NTP)=ICT(NTP)+1	SHF 71
49	GO TO 990	SHF 72
50	1010 CONTINUE	SHF 73
51	C	SHF 74
52	C NOW READ MUBAK (MG=3, MT=251) FROM TAPE 12 AND WRITE ON TAPE 3	SHF 75
53	C AFTER MT=110.	SHF 76
54	C	SHF 77
55	BACKSPACE 12	SHF 78
56	1100 READ (12, 1030, END=1190) (B(I),I=1,11), MAT, MF, MT, NSEQ	SHF 79
57	IF (MF.NE.3) GO TO 1190	SHF 80
58	WRITE (3,1030) (B(I),I=1,11),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	SHF 81
59	ICT(3)=ICT(3)+1	SHF 82
60	GO TO 1100	SHF 83
61	1190 CONTINUE	SHF 84
62	REWIND 3	SHF 85
63	REWIND 4	SHF 86
64	REWIND 5	SHF 87
65	REWIND 6	SHF 88
66	REWIND 7	SHF 89
67	DO 980 J=3,7	SHF 90
68	IU=ICT(J)	SHF 91
69	DO 970 K=1, IU	SHF 92
70	READ (J,1030,END=970) (A(I),I=1,11),MAT,MF,MT,NSEQ	SHF 93
71	NU=NU+1	SHF 94
72	WRITE (2,1030) (A(I),I=1,11),MAT,MF,MT,NU	SHF 95
73	970 CONTINUE	SHF 96
74	NU=NU+1	SHF 97
75	WRITE (2,1060) MAT,NU	SHF 98
76	980 CONTINUE	SHF 99
77	NU=NU+1	SHF 100

## SUBROUTINE SHUFL

C		SHF 101
C	WRITE MEND CARD AND TEND (TAPE END) CARDS	SHF 102
C		SHF 103
69	WRITE (2,1040) NU	SHF 104
70	NU=NU+1	SHF 105
71	WRITE (2,1070) NU	SHF 106
72	ENDFILE 2	SHF 107
73	REWIND 2	SHF 108
74	WRITE (9,1082)	SHF 109
75	982 CONTINUE	SHF 110
76	READ (2, 1030, END=986) (B(I),I=1,11), MAT, MF, MT, NSEQ	SHF 111
77	WRITE (9,1030) (B(I),I=1,11), MAT, MF, MT, NSEQ	SHF 112
78	GO TO 982	SHF 113
79	986 CONTINUE	SHF 114
80	RETURN	SHF 115
81	1020 STOP	SHF 116
82	1030 FORMAT (11A6,I4,I2,I3,I5)	SHF 117
83	1040 FORMAT (66X,4H 0,2H 0,3H 0,I5)	SHF 118
84	1050 FORMAT (4I6)	SHF 119
85	1060 FORMAT (66X,I4,2H 0,3H 0,I5)	SHF 120
86	1070 FORMAT (66X,4H -1,2H 0,3H 0,I5)	SHF 121
87	1080 FORMAT (14A5,I2,A3,I5)	SHF 122
88	1081 FORMAT (1H0, 31H ERROR IN FILE1 AT SEQ. NBR. = , I5)	SHF 123
89	1082 FORMAT (1H1,10X,37H THE ENDF/B TAPE, AS GIVEN BELOW, WAS , X20H SUCCESSFULLY WRITTEN,//)	SHF 124
90	END	SHF 125
		SHF 126-

**SUBROUTINE SHUFL**

**SUBROUTINE SHUFL**

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