

²³⁵Am

In 1996, Guo et al. announced the discovery of ²³⁵Am in “A new neutron-deficient isotope, ²³⁵Am” ([1996Gu11](#)). Enriched ²³⁸Pu targets were bombarded with 35 MeV protons from the Beijing proton linear accelerator producing ²³⁵Am in (p,4n) reactions. X- and γ -ray spectra were measured with a planar HPGe and a GMX HPGe detector following chemical separation. “A radioactive series decay-analyzing program was used to fit the growth and decay curve for 101.1-keV Kx ray. Half-lives of 15 ± 5 min for ²³⁵Am and 25 ± 4 min for ²³⁵Pu were determined from the fit.”

Adapted from reference ([2013Fr02](#))

[1996Gu11](#) J. Guo, Z. Gan, H. Liu, W. Yang *et al.*, *Z. Phys. A* **355**, 111 (1996).

[2013Fr02](#) C. Fry and M. Thoennessen, *At. Data Nucl. Data Tables* **99**, 96 (2013).

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