

²³³Am

In the 2000 paper “New isotope ²³³Am” Sakama et al. reported the discovery of ²³³Am (2000Sa52). ²³³U was bombarded with a 63 MeV ⁶Li beam from the JAERI tandem accelerator producing ²³³Am in the (6n) fusion-evaporation reaction. ²³³Am was separated with the gas-jet coupled JAERI-ISOL on-line separator. Alpha-particles were measured with two Si PIN-photodiodes and X- and γ -rays were measured with a HPGe detector. “The α -decay of ²³³Am and its subsequent α -decay chain have been observed in the mass-233 fraction. The half-life and α -particle energy of ²³³Am have been determined to be 3.2 ± 0.8 min and 6780 ± 17 keV, respectively.”

Adapted from reference (2013Fr02)

2000Sa52 M. Sakama, K. Tsukada, M. Asai, S. Ichikawa *et al.*, Eur. Phys. J. A **9**, 303 (2000).

2013Fr02 C. Fry and M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **99**, 96 (2013).

Please cite this abstract as: “FRIB Nuclear Data Group, *Discovery of Nuclides Project*, Isotope Database, doi:[10.11578/frib/2279152](https://doi.org/10.11578/frib/2279152)”