

^{228}U

Meinke et al. reported the observation of ^{228}U in the 1949 paper “Three additional collateral alpha-decay chains” (1949Me54). Thorium was bombarded with 100–120 MeV ^4He beams from the Berkeley 184-inch cyclotron. Alpha-decay chains from ^{228}U and ^{229}U were measured following chemical separation. “Immediately after 120-Mev helium ion bombardment of thorium the uranium fraction contains another series of five alpha-emitters, which is apparently a collateral branch of the 4n family: $_{92}\text{U}^{228} \xrightarrow{\alpha} _{90}\text{Th}^{224} \xrightarrow{\alpha} _{88}\text{Ra}^{220} \xrightarrow{\alpha} _{86}\text{Em}^{216} \dots$ The 9.3-minute half-life of U^{228} controls the decay rate of the series, with the half-lives of all the other members too short for them to be isolated and separately studied in our experiments.”

Adapted from reference (2013Fr03)

- 1949Me54 W. W. Meinke, A. Ghiorso, and G. T. Seaborg, *Phys. Rev.* **75**, 314 (1949).
2013Fr03 C. Fry and M. Thoennessen, *At. Data Nucl. Data Tables* **99**, 345 (2013).

Please cite this abstract as: “FRIB Nuclear Data Group, *Discovery of Nuclides Project*, Isotope Database, doi:10.11578/frib/2279152”