

^{220}At

In 1989, Liang et al. reported the first observation of ^{220}At in “A new isotope $^{220}_{85}\text{At}_{135}$ ” (1989Li04). Thorium oxide was bombarded with 200 MeV protons from the Orsay synchrocyclotron. ^{220}At was separated with the ISOCELE II on-line mass separator and transported to a measuring station consisting of a 4π β -detector and two Ge(Li) detectors. “A new isotope ^{220}At has been identified among the mass-separated products of a spallation reaction of ThO_2 . Its half-life has been found to be 3.71 ± 0.04 min.” Less than three months later, Burke et al. independently reported a half-life of 3.73(13) min (1989Bu09).

Adapted from reference (2013Fr09)

- 1989Bu09 D. G. Burke, H. Folger, H. Gabelmann, E. Hagebo *et al.*, *Z. Phys. A* **333**, 131 (1989).
1989Li04 C. F. Liang, P. Paris, E. Ruchowska, and Ch. Briancon, *J. Phys. G* **15**, L31 (1989).
2013Fr09 C. Fry and M. Thoennessen, *At. Data Nucl. Data Tables* **99**, 497 (2013).

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