

## <sup>206</sup>Hg

<sup>206</sup>Hg was discovered by Nurmia et al. in 1961 and published in “Mercury-206: a New Natural Radionuclide” (1961Nu01). The isotope was formed by the alpha decay of <sup>210</sup>Pb at the Institute of Physics of the University of Helsinki, Finland. Beta-decay curves were recorded following chemical separation. “The hitherto unknown mercury-206 is formed from lead-210 by alpha decay.”

Adapted from reference (2011Me01)

1961Nu01 M. Nurmia, P. Kauranen, M. Karras, A. Siivola *et al.*, *Nature* **190**, 427 (1961).

2011Me01 D. Meierfrankenfeld, A. Bury, and M. Thoennessen, *At. Data Nucl. Data Tables* **97**, 134 (2011).

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