

²²O

Artukh et al. reported the first identification of ²²O in 1969 in “New isotopes ²²O, ²⁰N and ¹⁸C produced in transfer reactions with heavy ions” (1969Ar13). ¹⁸O was accelerated by the Dubna 310 cm heavy ion cyclotron to 122 MeV and bombarded a metallic ²³²Th target. ²²O was produced in transfer reactions and identified by energy-loss, energy and magnetic rigidity measurements in the focal plane of a magnetic analyzer. “Along with the known isotopes some new ones have been found: ²²O (about 100 events), ²⁰N (about 60 events) and ¹⁸C (about 50 events).”

Adapted from reference (2012Th01)

1969Ar13 A. G. Artukh, G. F. Gridnev, V. L. Mikheev, and V. V. Volkov, Nucl. Phys. A **137**, 348 (1969).

2012Th01 M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **98**, 43 (2012).

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