

¹⁷¹Au

Davids et al. first observed ¹⁷¹Au at Argonne National Laboratory in 1997 reported in “New proton radioactivities ^{165,166,167}Ir and ¹⁷¹Au” (1997Da07). The fusion-evaporation reaction ⁹⁶Ru(⁷⁸Kr,p2n) at a beam energy of 397 MeV was used. “The proton emitters were each identified by position, time, and energy correlations between the implantation of a residual nucleus into a double-sided silicon strip detector, the observation of a decay proton, and the subsequent observation of a decay alpha particle from the daughter nucleus.” The half-life was determined to be 1.02(15) ms and corresponds to an isomeric state. The ground state half-life ($17_{-7}^{+9}\mu\text{s}$) was measured for the first time two years later by Poli et al. (1999Po09).

Adapted from reference (2010Sc35)

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