

## **<sup>200</sup>Pt**

In 1957, Roy et al. described the discovery of <sup>200</sup>Pt in “New Radioisotope of Platinum—Pt<sup>200</sup>” (1957Ro49). <sup>198</sup>Pt targets were irradiated by neutrons from the Chalk River NRX reactor to produce <sup>200</sup>Pt by successive neutron capture. The presence of <sup>200</sup>Pt was determined by milking the <sup>200</sup>Au daughter and measuring the activities. “Parent-daughter isolation experiments were performed to establish both the half-life of Pt<sup>200</sup> and its genetic relationship to Au<sup>200</sup>... The average value for the half-life of Pt<sup>200</sup> is 11.5±1.0 hr.”

Adapted from reference (2011Am01)

1957Ro49 L. P. Roy, J. C. Roy, and J. S. Merritt, Phys. Rev. **105**, 1337 (1957).  
2011Am01 S. Amos, J. L. Gross, and M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **97**, 383 (2011).

Please cite this abstract as: “FRIB Nuclear Data Group, *Discovery of Nuclides Project*, Isotope Database, doi:[10.11578/frib/2279152](https://doi.org/10.11578/frib/2279152)”