

¹⁷⁹Ta

Wilkinson discovered ¹⁷⁹Ta as reported in the paper “Neutron deficient radioactive isotopes of tantalum and wolfram” in 1950 ([1950Wi67](#)). The Berkeley 60-in cyclotron was used to bombard lutetium with 20, 30, and 38 MeV α -particles and hafnium with 10 MeV protons. Decay curves were measured following chemical separation. “~600 day Ta¹⁷⁹: ... The isotope is not formed by decay of wolfram parents of half-life greater than one hour, and since no short-lived tantalum daughters of the 30-min. wolfram activity definitely allocated to mass 179 have been found, it is most likely that the 600-day activity has mass 179.”

Adapted from reference ([2012Ro36](#))

[1950Wi67](#) G. Wilkinson, Phys. Rev. **80**, 495 (1950).

[2012Ro36](#) R. Robinson and M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **98**, 911 (2012).

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