

## <sup>171</sup>Lu

In “Radioactive isotopes of lutetium and hafnium” Wilkinson and Hicks described the identification of <sup>171</sup>Lu in 1951 ([1951Wi08](#)). Targets of rare earth elements were irradiated with various light particles produced with the Berkeley 60-in. cyclotron and the linear accelerator. <sup>171</sup>Lu was primarily produced by bombarding thulium targets with 15–38 MeV  $\alpha$  particles. Decay curves, absorption curves, and electron spectra were measured following chemical separation. “8.5±0.2-day Lu<sup>171</sup> — Growth of the 1.7 day-Lu<sup>170</sup> together with growth of the 8.5-day species was observed only in hafnium activities produced by 60 to 75-Mev protons on lutetium and hence, in view of the production of both isotopes in alpha particle bombardments of thulium, allocation of the 8.5-day activity is made to mass 171.”

Adapted from reference ([2012Gr19](#))

- [1951Wi08](#) G. Wilkinson and H. G. Hicks, Phys. Rev. **81**, 540 (1951).  
[2012Gr19](#) J. L. Gross and M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **98**, 983 (2012).

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