

## $^{175}\text{Tm}$

Kuroyanagi et al. observed  $^{175}\text{Tm}$  in 1961 as reported in “New activities in rare earth region produced by the  $(\gamma,p)$  reactions” (1961Ku10). Pure oxide powder was irradiated with  $\gamma$ -rays at the Tohoku 25 MeV betatron. Decay curves were measured with a beta ray analyser or an end-window G-M counter and  $\beta$ -ray spectra were recorded with a plastic scintillator. “From the decay characteristics and the yield of the 20-min activity, it is considered to be assigned to  $\text{Tm}^{175}$ .” A previously reported half-life of 19 min was assigned to either  $^{172}\text{Tm}$ ,  $^{173}\text{Tm}$ , or  $^{175}\text{Tm}$  (1950Bu07)

Adapted from reference (2013Fr10)

- 1950Bu07 F. D. S. Butement, Nature **165**, 149 (1950).  
1961Ku10 T. Kuroyanagi, H. Yuta, K. Takahashi, and H. Morinaga, J. Phys. Soc. Jap. **16**, 2393 (1961).  
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