

## **<sup>149</sup>Tm**

“Observation of <sup>149</sup>Tm decay to <sup>149</sup>Er levels and  $\beta$ -delayed proton emission” reported the discovery of <sup>149</sup>Tm in 1987 by Toth et al. (1987To12). An enriched <sup>94</sup>Mo target was bombarded with a 259 MeV <sup>58</sup>Ni beam from the Berkeley SuperHILAC and <sup>149</sup>Tm was formed in the fusion-evaporation reaction <sup>94</sup>Mo(<sup>58</sup>Ni,p2n). Reaction products were separated with the OASIS on-line mass separator and  $\gamma$ -rays, X-rays and positrons were measured. “A new activity ( $T_{1/2}=0.9\pm 0.2$  s), with at least seven  $\gamma$  rays following its  $\beta$  decay, was observed in the A=149 mass chain. It is assigned to the hitherto unknown isotope <sup>149</sup>Tm because the  $\gamma$  rays are in coincidence with Er K x rays and because several of them are also in coincidence with the 111.3-keV transition seen in <sup>149</sup>Er<sup>m</sup> isomeric decay.”

Adapted from reference (2013Fr10)

1987To12 K. S. Toth, J. Gilat, J. M. Nitschke, P. A. Wilmarth *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **36**, 826 (1987).

2013Fr10 C. Fry and M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **99**, 520 (2013).

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