

^{162}Ho

“Nuclear spectroscopy of neutron-deficient rare earths (Tb through Hf)” was published in 1957 by Mihelich et al. describing the observation of ^{162}Ho ([1957Mi67](#)). A dysprosium oxide target was irradiated with 22 MeV protons from the ORNL 86-inch cyclotron. The resulting activities were measured with a conversion electron spectrograph and a scintillation counter following chemical separation. “ $\text{Ho}^{162}(67 \text{ min}) \rightarrow \text{Dy}^{162}$: We have listed the transitions assigned to Ho^{162} in [the table]. The mass assignment is made on the basis of yields from targets enriched in various masses.” This half-life corresponds to an isomeric state and the ground state half-life of 11.8 m was reported seven years later by Jorgensen et al. ([1961Jo10](#)). A previously reported half-life of 65.0(5) d ([1950Wi13](#)) was incorrect ([1954Ha19](#)).

Adapted from reference ([2013Fr10](#))

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