

¹³⁶Nd

The assignment of ¹³⁶Nd was reported in 1968 in “A new neodymium isotope (A = 136) and its Decay Properties” by Zhelev et al. from Dubna ([1968Zh04](#)). A 660 MeV proton beam bombarded a gadolinium target and ¹³⁶Nd was identified with γ - and β -ray spectra following chemical separation. “We have previously reported the discovery of ¹³⁷Nd, with a half life of 55.0 ± 1.5 min. Here we show that the β^+ and γ radiations observed in the 55-min neodymium activity are not due to decay of ¹³⁷Nd but to decay of a new isotope, ¹³⁶Nd, and its daughter ¹³⁶Pr.” The paper mentioned in the quote is reference ([1965Gr24](#)). A 1-hour activity had previously been measured in neodymium ([1934Fe01](#), [1935Am01](#), [1935He03](#)) but no mass assignment were made.

Adapted from reference ([2012Gr02](#))

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Please cite this abstract as: “FRIB Nuclear Data Group, *Discovery of Nuclides Project*, Isotope Database, doi:[10.11578/frib/2279152](https://doi.org/10.11578/frib/2279152)”