

^{117}Cs

Ravn et al. reported the first observation of ^{117}Cs in the 1972 paper “Very neutron-deficient isotopes of Cs studied by on-line isotope separator techniques” ([1972Ra16](#)). Molten lanthanum was bombarded with 600 MeV protons from the CERN synchrocyclotron. ^{117}Cs was formed in spallation reactions and identified with ISOLDE on-line isotope separator facility. “By means of the on-line β^+ counter the mass chains down to 117 were accessible for decay measurements. Half-lives were determined by means of a least-squares analysis of the experimental data. The following results were obtained for the isotopes under study (the errors represent the estimated over-all uncertainties): ^{117}Cs 8 ± 2 s...”

Adapted from reference ([2012Ma48](#))

[1972Ra16](#) H. L. Ravn, S. Sundell, and L. Westgaard, Phys. Lett. B **39**, 337 (1972).
[2012Ma48](#) E. May and M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **98**, 960 (2012).

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