^{116}Cs

In the 1975 paper "New Delayed-Proton Emitters ^{119}Ba, ^{121}Ba and ^{116}Cs" Bogdanov et al. reported the discovery of ^{116}Cs (1975Bo11). The U-300 cyclotron of the Nuclear Reactions Laboratory at Dubna accelerated a ^{32}S beam to a maximum energy of 190 MeV bombarding a target of natural zirconium enriched with ^{92}Mo. "In [the figure] we have shown the delayed-proton spectrum of ^{116}Cs and the decay curve, from which it follows that $T_{1/2}$ = 3.9±0.4 sec." Less than a month later Ravn et al. independently submitted their result on ^{116}Cs measuring a half-life of 3.6(2)s (1975Ra03). The ground state of 0.65(10) s was first observed two years later by Bogdanov et al. (1977Bo28).

Adapted from reference (2012Ma48)

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