

¹¹⁰I

The discovery of ¹¹⁰I was reported by Kirchner et al. in the 1977 publication “New neutron-deficient tellurium, iodine, and xenon isotopes produced by reactions of 290 MeV ⁵⁸Ni ions on ⁵⁸Ni and ⁶³Cu targets” ([1977Ki11](#)). ⁵⁸Ni targets were bombarded with 290 MeV ⁵⁸Ni beams forming ¹¹⁰I in (3p(0-3)n) fusion-evaporation reactions. Beta-, gamma-, and X-rays, as well as protons and α particles were measured following mass separation with the GSI on-line mass separator facility. “We wish to report in this letter the identification of the new neutron-deficient isotopes ^{108–110}Te, ^{110–114}I, and ¹¹⁴Xe.” The reported half-life was 0.70(6) s.

Adapted from reference ([2013Ka01](#))

[1977Ki11](#) R. Kirchner, O. Klepper, G. Nyman, W. Reisdorf *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B **70**, 150 (1977).

[2013Ka01](#) J. Kathawa, C. Fry, and M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **99**, 22 (2013).

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