

¹²³Cd

In the 1983 paper “Half-lives and emission probabilities of delayed neutron precursors ^{121–124}Ag” Reeder et al. described the discovery of ¹²³Cd ([1983Re05](#)). ¹²³Cd was produced by thermal neutron-induced fission at Brookhaven National Laboratory and separated by the TRISTAN on-line isotope separator. “From beta decay measurements a half-life of 2.07 ± 0.03 s was found at mass 123 and assigned to the previously unknown ¹²³Cd.” A previously reported half-life of 6 s ([1981Ru07](#)) could not be confirmed.

Adapted from reference ([2010Am04](#))

- [1981Ru07](#) G. Rudstam, P. Aagaard, P. Hoff, B. Johansson, and H. U. Zwicky, Nucl. Instrum. Methods **186**, 365 (1981).
[1983Re05](#) P. L. Reeder, R. A. Warner, and R. L. Gill, Phys. Rev. C **27**, 3002 (1983).
[2010Am04](#) S. Amos and M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **96**, 855 (2010).

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