

¹⁰⁷Rh

Glendenin described the first observation of ¹⁰⁷Rh in “Short-lived ruthenium-rhodium decay chains,” which was published in 1951 as part of the Plutonium Project Series (1950G106). Uranyl nitrate was irradiated with neutrons from the Clinton pile in Oak Ridge and ¹⁰⁷Rh was identified by measuring its activity following chemical separation. “The available mass numbers for the 4m Ru – 24m Rh chain are thus limited to 107, 108, and 110 or greater... On the basis of energy a mass assignment of 107 is highly probable.” This ruthenium - rhodium decay chain had been reported earlier without a mass assignment (1943Bo03).

Adapted from reference (2012Pa21)

- 1943Bo03 H. J. Born and W. Seelmann-Eggebert, *Naturwissenschaften* **31**, 420 (1943).
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Please cite this abstract as: “FRIB Nuclear Data Group, *Discovery of Nuclides Project*, Isotope Database, doi:[10.11578/frib/2279152](https://doi.org/10.11578/frib/2279152)”