

⁹⁰Y

The identification of ⁹⁰Y was first reported by Pool et al. at the University of Michigan in the 1937 paper “A Survey of Radioactivity Produced by High Energy Neutron Bombardment” ([1937Po04](#)). The bombardment of yttrium with 20 MeV neutrons resulted in the observation of a half-life of 2.4 days which was assigned to ⁹⁰Y. The paper presented the results for a large number of elements and “The assignments of the periods is tentative and is based upon evidence from the sign of the emitted beta-particle, the chemical separations and known periods from other sources.” The observation of ⁹⁰Y was also reported independently two months later by Stewart et al. ([1937St01](#)).

Adapted from reference ([2012Ny02](#))

- [1937Po04](#) M. L. Pool, J. M. Cork, and R. L. Thornton, Phys. Rev. **52**, 239 (1937).
[1937St01](#) D. W. Stewart, J. L. Lawson, and J. M. Cork, Phys. Rev. **52**, 901 (1937).
[2012Ny02](#) A. Nystrom and M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **98**, 95 (2012).

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