

⁸⁴Ga

The discovery of ⁸⁴Ga was reported by Kratz et al. in “Neutron-rich isotopes around the *r*-process ‘waiting-point’ nuclei ⁷⁹Cu₅₀ and ⁸⁰Zn₅₀” in 1991 ([1991Kr15](#)). A ²³⁸U-graphite target was irradiated with 600 MeV protons from the CERN synchrocyclotron and the fragments were separated and identified with the ISOLDE on-line mass separator. “During the experiment, three further new isotopes could be identified, i.e. ⁷⁷Cu, ⁸¹Zn, and ⁸⁴Ga, the latter two lying even ‘beyond’ the *r*-process path...”

Adapted from reference ([2012Gr19](#))

[1991Kr15](#) K. L. Kratz, H. Gabelmann, P. Moller, B. Pfeiffer *et al.*, *Z. Phys. A* **340**, 419 (1991).

[2012Gr19](#) J. L. Gross and M. Thoennessen, *At. Data Nucl. Data Tables* **98**, 983 (2012).

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