

## <sup>60</sup>Ga

In the 1995 article “New isotopes from <sup>78</sup>Kr fragmentation and the ending point of the astrophysical rapid-proton-capture process” Blank et al. reported the discovery of <sup>60</sup>Ga ([1995B106](#)). A 73 MeV/nucleon <sup>78</sup>Kr beam bombarded a nickel target ([1995B106](#)) at GANIL. <sup>60</sup>Ga was produced via projectile fragmentation and identified with the SSSI/LISE facility by measuring the time-of-flight through the separator and the ΔE-E in a silicon detector telescope. A lower limit for the half-life was established, “We find clear evidence for <sup>60</sup>Ga, <sup>64</sup>As, <sup>69,70</sup>Kr, and <sup>74</sup>Sr.”

Adapted from reference ([2012Gr19](#))

[1995B106](#) B. Blank, S. Andriamonje, S. Czajkowski, F. Davi *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **74**, 4611 (1995).

[2012Gr19](#) J. L. Gross and M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **98**, 983 (2012).

Please cite this abstract as: “FRIB Nuclear Data Group, *Discovery of Nuclides Project*, Isotope Database, doi:[10.11578/frib/2279152](https://doi.org/10.11578/frib/2279152)”