^{5}Li

In the 1941 paper "The Scattering of One- to Three-Mev Protons by Helium" Heydenburg and Ramsey observed an unbound resonance in ^{5}Li (1941He04). Protons from 1.2 to 3.0 MeV accelerated by the Carnegie Institution of Washington pressure electrostatic generator were scattered off a helium gas target and detected with a parallel-plate ionization chamber. "[From the figure] it appears that the amount of scattering does pass through a maximum at about two Mev as expected theoretically on the basis of the neutron-helium scattering results and the assumption of the equality of n-n and p-p forces. However, the height and narrowness of the maximum are much less than in the neutron-helium case, being only a factor of 2 instead of 5 in intensity, while the half-width is more than one 1 Mev instead of about 0.5 Mev."

Adapted from reference (2012Th01)

1941He04 N. P. Heydenburg and N. F. Ramsey, Phys. Rev. **60**, 42 (1941).
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