

## $^{84}\text{Cu}$

In 2024, Shimizu et al. reported the observation of  $^{84}\text{Cu}$  in the paper “Production of new neutron-rich isotopes near the N=60 isotones  $^{92}\text{Ge}$  and  $^{93}\text{As}$  by in-flight fission of a 345 MeV/nucleon  $^{238}\text{U}$  beam” ([2024Sh17](#)). The beam was provided by the RIBF accelerator complex at RIKEN and the fission fragments were separated and identified with the large-acceptance two-stage separator BigRIPS. “In total, we have produced and identified the following 15 new neutron-rich isotopes:  $^{84}\text{Cu}$ ,  $^{86,87}\text{Zn}$ ,  $^{88,89}\text{Ga}$ ,  $^{91,92}\text{Ge}$ ,  $^{93,94,95}\text{As}$ ,  $^{96,97}\text{Se}$ ,  $^{99,100}\text{Br}$ , and  $^{103}\text{Kr}$ .” Three events for  $^{84}\text{Cu}$  were recorded. Preliminary results had been presented earlier in an annual report ([2018ShZZ](#)).

[2018ShZZ](#) Y. Shimizu, N. Fukuda, K. P. Rykaczewski, R. K. Grzywacz *et al.*, REPT-RIKEN **51**, p. 84 (2018).

[2024Sh17](#) Y. Shimizu, T. Kubo, T. Sumikama, N. Fukuda *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **109**, 044313 (2024).

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