

## <sup>49</sup>Ni

In the paper “First Observation of the  $T_z = -7/2$  Nuclei <sup>45</sup>Fe and <sup>49</sup>Ni” Blank et al. reported the discovery of <sup>49</sup>Ni in 1996 ([1996B121](#)). A 600 A·MeV <sup>58</sup>Ni beam from the SIS synchrotron at GSI bombarded a beryllium target and isotopes were separated with the projectile-fragment separator FRS. <sup>49</sup>Ni was identified by time-of-flight,  $\Delta E$ , and  $B\rho$  analysis. “We observed ten events of <sup>42</sup>Cr, three events of <sup>45</sup>Fe, and five events of <sup>49</sup>Ni. These three isotopes have been identified for the first time in the present experiment.”

Adapted from reference ([2012Ga06](#))

[1996B121](#) B. Blank, S. Czajkowski, F. Davi, R. Del Moral *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **77**, 2893 (1996).

[2012Ga06](#) K. Garofali, R. Robinson, and M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **98**, 356 (2012).

Please cite this abstract as: “FRIB Nuclear Data Group, *Discovery of Nuclides Project*, Isotope Database, doi:[10.11578/frib/2279152](https://doi.org/10.11578/frib/2279152)”