

^{62}Fe

In the 1975 paper “Decay of the New Isotope ^{62}Fe ”, Franz et al. reported the first observation of ^{62}Fe ([1975Fr16](#)). Neutrons between 25 and 200 MeV generated by 200 MeV protons from the Brookhaven AGS linac injector bombarded a nickel oxide target enriched to 96% ^{64}Ni . ^{62}Fe was produced with the $^{64}\text{Ni}(n,2pn)$ reaction. Gamma spectra were measured following chemical separation. “The mass assignment must be to ^{62}Fe because the appropriate growth and decay were observed of 1.5-m ^{62}Co in the chemically purified iron sample.”

Adapted from reference ([2010Sc18](#))

[1975Fr16](#) E. M. Franz, S. Katcoff, H. A. Smith Jr., and T. E. Ward, Phys. Rev. C **12**, 616 (1975).

[2010Sc18](#) A. Schuh, A. Fritsch, M. Heim, A. Shore, and M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **96**, 817 (2010).

Please cite this abstract as: “FRIB Nuclear Data Group, *Discovery of Nuclides Project*, Isotope Database, doi:[10.11578/frib/2279152](https://doi.org/10.11578/frib/2279152)”