

⁵¹Fe

In a paper entitled “New Proton-Rich Nuclei in the $f_{7/2}$ Shell”, Proctor et al. described the discovery of ⁵¹Fe in 1972 ([1972Pr10](#)). The Michigan State University sector-focused cyclotron accelerated ³He to 70.8 MeV and the reaction ⁵⁴Fe(³He, ⁶He) was used to produce ⁵¹Fe. The outgoing ⁶He particles were detected in the focal plane of an Enge split-pole magnetic spectrograph. “The ⁵¹Fe ground state ($J^\pi = 5/2^-$) is even more weakly populated, but is unambiguously identified in a number of spectra.”

Adapted from reference ([2010Sc18](#))

[1972Pr10](#) I. D. Proctor, W. Benenson, J. Dreisbach, E. Kashy *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **29**, 434 (1972).

[2010Sc18](#) A. Schuh, A. Fritsch, M. Heim, A. Shore, and M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **96**, 817 (2010).

Please cite this abstract as: “FRIB Nuclear Data Group, *Discovery of Nuclides Project*, Isotope Database, doi:[10.11578/frib/2279152](https://doi.org/10.11578/frib/2279152)”