

## <sup>61</sup>Mn

Guerreau et al. reported the discovery of <sup>61</sup>Mn in the 1980 paper “Seven New Neutron Rich Nuclides Observed in Deep Inelastic Collisions of 340 MeV <sup>40</sup>Ar on <sup>238</sup>U” (1980Gu09). A 340 MeV <sup>40</sup>Ar beam accelerated by the Orsay ALICE accelerator facility bombarded a 1.2 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> thick UF<sub>4</sub> target supported by an aluminum foil. <sup>61</sup>Mn was identified using two ΔE-E telescopes and two time-of-flight measurements. “The new nuclides <sup>54</sup>Ti, <sup>56</sup>V, <sup>58–59</sup>Cr, <sup>61</sup>Mn, <sup>63–64</sup>Fe, have been produced through <sup>40</sup>Ar + <sup>238</sup>U reactions.” At least twenty counts were recorded for these isotopes.

Adapted from reference (2012Ga06)

1980Gu09 D. Guerreau, J. Galin, B. Gatty, X. Tarrago *et al.*, *Z. Phys. A* **295**, 105 (1980).

2012Ga06 K. Garofali, R. Robinson, and M. Thoennessen, *At. Data Nucl. Data Tables* **98**, 356 (2012).

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