

⁵⁹Mn

In 1976, Kashy et al. published the discovery of ⁵⁹Mn in their paper “Observation of highly neutron-rich ⁴³Cl and ⁵⁹Mn” (1976Ka24). An enriched ⁶⁴Ni foil was bombarded with a 74 MeV ³He beam at the Michigan State University Cyclotron and ⁵⁹Mn was produced in the reaction ⁶⁴Ni(³He,⁸B). The momentum of the ejectiles was examined with an Enge split pole spectrograph, energy loss was measured, and time of flight data was taken from a plastic scintillator to verify the observations and record the mass of the isotope. “[The figure] shows spectra of ⁸B ions from the ⁶⁴Ni and ²⁷Al targets,... A peak with a width of about 200 keV is observed for the ⁵⁹Mn.”

Adapted from reference (2012Ga06)

1976Ka24 E. Kashy, W. Benenson, D. Mueller, H. Nann, and L. Robinson, Phys. Rev. C **14**, 1773 (1976).

2012Ga06 K. Garofali, R. Robinson, and M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **98**, 356 (2012).

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