

## <sup>59</sup>V

Guillemaud-Mueller et al. announced the discovery of <sup>59</sup>V in the 1985 article “Production and Identification of New Neutron-Rich Fragments from 33 MeV/u <sup>86</sup>Kr Beam in the 18 ≤ Z ≤ 27 Region” ([1985Gu14](#)). At GANIL in Caen, France, a 33 MeV/u <sup>86</sup>Kr beam was fragmented and the fragments were separated by the triple-focusing analyser LISE. “Each particle is identified by an event-by-event analysis. The mass A is determined from the total energy and the time of flight, and Z by the δE and E measurements... In addition to that are identified the following new isotopes: <sup>47</sup>Ar, <sup>57</sup>Ti, <sup>59,60</sup>V, <sup>61,62</sup>Cr, <sup>64,65</sup>Mn, <sup>66,67,68</sup>Fe, <sup>68,69,70</sup>Co.” Approximately 13 counts of <sup>59</sup>V were observed.

Adapted from reference ([2010Sh05](#))

- [1985Gu14](#) D. Guillemaud-Mueller, A. C. Mueller, D. Guerreau, F. Pougheon *et al.*, *Z. Phys. A* **322**, 415 (1985).  
[2010Sh05](#) A. Shore, A. Fritsch, M. Heim, A. Schuh, and M. Thoennessen, *At. Data Nucl. Data Tables* **96**, 351 (2010).

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