

## <sup>56</sup>V

Guerreau et al. reported the discovery of <sup>56</sup>V in the 1980 paper “Seven New Neutron Rich Nuclides Observed in Deep Inelastic Collisions of 340 MeV <sup>40</sup>Ar on <sup>238</sup>U” (1980Gu09). A 340 MeV <sup>40</sup>Ar beam accelerated by the Orsay ALICE accelerator facility bombarded a 1.2 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> thick UF<sub>4</sub> target supported by an aluminum foil. The isotopes were identified using two ΔE-E telescopes and two time-of-flight measurements. “The new nuclides <sup>54</sup>Ti, <sup>56</sup>V, <sup>58–59</sup>Cr, <sup>61</sup>Mn, <sup>63–64</sup>Fe, have been produced through <sup>40</sup>Ar + <sup>238</sup>U reactions.” At least twenty counts were recorded for these isotopes. Breuer et al. detected <sup>56</sup>V independently only a few months later (1980Br26).

Adapted from reference (2010Sh05)

- 1980Br26 H. Breuer, K. L. Wolf, B. G. Glagola, K. K. Kwiatkowski *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **22**, 2454 (1980).
- 1980Gu09 D. Guerreau, J. Galin, B. Gatty, X. Tarrago *et al.*, Z. Phys. A **295**, 105 (1980).
- 2010Sh05 A. Shore, A. Fritsch, M. Heim, A. Schuh, and M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **96**, 351 (2010).

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