

²⁵¹Md

Eskola discovered ²⁵¹Md in the 1973 paper “Studies of mendelevium isotopes with mass numbers 248 through 252” (1973Es01). ¹²C and ¹³C beams with a maximum energy of 10.4 MeV/u from the Berkeley heavy-ion linear accelerator bombarded ²⁴¹Am and ²⁴³Am targets. Recoil products were transported with a rapid flowing helium gas onto a wheel which periodically rotated in front of a series of Si-Au surface barrier detectors. “In bombardments of the ²⁴³Am target with ¹³C and ¹²C ions, two new α activities were observed: a 7.75-MeV, 52-sec activity which was assigned to ²⁵⁰Md and a 7.55-MeV, 4.0-min activity assigned to ²⁵¹Md.”

Adapted from reference (2013Th02)

1973Es01 P. Eskola, Phys. Rev. C **7**, 280 (1973).

2013Th02 M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **99**, 312 (2013).

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