

²⁴²Fm

In the 1975 paper “Synthesis of the new neutron-deficient isotopes ²⁵⁰102, ²⁴²Fm, and ²⁵⁴Ku” Ter-Akopyan et al. reported the first observation of ²⁴²Fm ([1975Te01](#)). ⁴⁰Ar beams with energies up to 225 MeV from the Dubna U-300 cyclotron bombarded ²⁰⁴Pb and ²⁰⁶Pb targets and ²⁴²Fm was populated in the (2n) and (4n) fusion-evaporation reactions, respectively. Spontaneous fission fragments were measured with mica detectors. “A comparison of the ²⁰⁴Pb and ²⁰⁶Pb target yields permits the assignment of the 0.8 msec activity to the isotope ²⁴²Fm.” This half-life has been recommended in an IUPAC technical report ([2000Ho27](#)), however, more recently, the data could not be reproduced ([2008Kh10](#)).

Adapted from reference ([2013Th02](#))

- [1975Te01](#) G. M. Ter-Akopyan, A. S. Iljinov, Y. T. Oganessian, O. A. Orlova *et al.*, Nucl. Phys. A **255**, 509 (1975).
[2000Ho27](#) N. E. Holden and D. C. Hoffman, Pure Appl. Chem. **72**, 1525 (2000).
[2008Kh10](#) J. Khuyagbaatar, S. Hofmann, F. P. Hessberger, D. Ackermann *et al.*, Eur. Phys. J. A **37**, 177 (2008).
[2013Th02](#) M. Thoennessen, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables **99**, 312 (2013).

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