#### **Resonance Evaluation at ORNL**



# L. Leal (ORNL) Y. Danon (RPI)

CSEWG, Nov 5-9, 2012



<sup>235</sup>U Evaluation:

Intermediate energy benchmark problems;

✓ Fit new data measurements from RPI (capture and fission yields);

Capture data from LANL;

✓ Test the new SAMMY <sup>235</sup>U evaluation in benchmark calculations: ZEUS benchmarks;

✓ Use JENDL4 as the template;

✓ Benchmark Calculations done with everything else from ENDF;



### **RPI data and ENDF evaluation**



K

National Laboratory

DGF



#### **RPI and LANL Capture Data**



#### **RPI and LANL Capture Data**



for the Department of Energ

### **RPI and LANL Capture Data (average)**



itional Laborator

#### Fit of the RPI data



National Laboratory

42 Mana for the Department of Energy

### Fit of the RPI data



National Laboratory

### Fit of the LANL data



National Laboratory

44 Managea c, cr batterie for the Department of Energy

### The HEU-MET-INTER-006 cases (ZEUS)

Case Number	k <sub>eff</sub>	EALF (keV)	Intermediate-Energy Fission Fraction
1	0.9977 ± 0.0008	4.44	0.730
2	1.0001 ± 0.0008	9.45	0.698
3	1.0015 ± 0.0008	22.80	0.636
4	1.0016 ± 0.0008	80.80	0.503

#### EALF: Energy Average Lethargy Causing Fission



# Effective System Multiplication Factor

Production

Absorption + Leakage



46 Managed by UT-Battelle for the Department of Energy

 $k_{e\!f\!f}$ 

#### **ZEUS1**













0.04 Production HE Absorption 0.035 Leakage UR 0.03 RR keff contribution 0.025 0.02 0.015 0.01 0.005 0 1e+07 100 1000 10000 100000 1e+06 10 Neutron energy [eV] National Laboratory 50 Managed by 01-Battelle for the Department of Energy

### The HEU-MET-INTER-006 cases (ZEUS)

Case Number	Benchmark k <sub>eff</sub>	Calculated k <sub>eff</sub>		
		ENDF/B-VII.0	JENDL4	ORNL
1	0.9977	0.99304	1.00084	0.99644
(ZEUS1)	±	±	±	±
	0.0008	0.00035	0.00036	0.00035
2	1.0001	0.99603	1.00501	1.00015
(ZEUS2)	±	±	±	±
	0.0008	0.00035	0.00036	0.00035
3	1.0015	1.00065	1.00664	1.00208
(ZEUS3)	±	±	±	±
	0.0008	0.00035	0.00034	0.00033
4	1.0016	1.00750	1.00673	1.00496
(ZEUS4)	±	±	±	±
	0.0008	0.00031	0.00034	0.00031





Case Number	Benchmark	Calculated			
	Kell	ENDF/B-VIL0	JENDL-4	JENDL4+ORNL	ENDF/B-VIL0+ORNL
I		HEU E	enchmarks		
heu-met-fast-001	1.0000	0.99928	0.99751	0.99753	1.00004
(godiva)	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0010	0.00025	0.00026	0.00026	0.00027
heu-met-fast-028	1.0000	1.00320	0.99918	0.99886	1.00241
(flattop)	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0030	0.00030	0.00029	0.00029	0.00030
heu-met-inter-006-1	0.9977	0.99304	1.00084	0.99644	1.00244
(ZEUS1)	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0008	0.00035	0.00036	0.00035	0.00034
heu-met-inter-006-2	1.0001	0.99603	1.00501	1.00015	1.00699
(ZEUS2)	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0008	0.00035	0.00036	0.00035	0.00034
heu-met-inter-006-3	1.0015	1.00065	1.00664	1.00208	1.00907
(ZEUS3)	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0008	0.00035	0.00034	0.00033	0.00033
heu-met-inter-006-4	1.0016	1.00750	1.00673	1.00496	1.01087
(ZEUS4)	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0008	0.00031	0.00034	0.00031	0.00033
heu-sol-therm-013-case-	1.0012	0.99848	0.99805	0.99771	0.99880
1	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0026	0.00026	0.00024	0.00024	0.00045
heu-sol-therm-013-case-	1.0007	0.99745	0.99716	0.99690	0.99712
2	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0036	0.00026	0.00027	0.00028	0.00027
heu-sol-therm-013-case-	1.0009	0.99417	0.99382	0.99327	0.99443
3	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0036	0.00028	0.00028	0.00028	0.00028
heu-sol-therm-013-case-	1.0003	0.99571	0.99598	0.99501	0.99540
4	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0036	0.00030	0.00028	0.00029	0.00028
heu-sol-therm-032	1.0015	0.99906	0.99886	0.99894	0.99928
(ORNL10-CSEWG)	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0026	0.00017	0.00015	0.00017	0.00016

Case Number	Benchmark Keff	Calculated keff			
		ENDF/B-VII.0	JENDL-4	JENDL4+ORNL	ENDF/B-
					VII.0+ORNL
		LEU Thermal So	olution Benchmarks		
leu-sol-therm-002-	1.0038	1.00002	0.99969	0.99905	1.00038
case-1	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0040	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00028
leu-sol-therm-002-	1.0024	0.99594	0.99616	0.99618	0.99480
case-2	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0040	0.00028	0.00029	0.00028	0.00030
leu-sol-therm-007-	0.9961	0.99495	0.99508	0.99487	0.99522
case-14	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0009	0.00030	0.00030	0.00031	0.00033
leu-sol-therm-007-	0.9973	0.99771	0.99741	0.99744	0.99736
case-30	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0009	0.00031	0.00030	0.00031	0.00029
leu-sol-therm-007-	0.9985	0.99579	0.99602	0.99589	0.99649
case-32	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0010	0.00029	0.00029	0.00031	0.00027
leu-sol-therm-007-	0.9988	0.99860	0.99864	0.99830	0.99882
case-36	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0011	0.00027	0.00028	0.00028	0.00029
leu-sol-therm-007-	0.9983	0.99752	0.99764	0.99716	0.99704
case-49	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0011	0.00028	0.00026	0.00025	0.00027

Case Number	Benchmark Keff	Calculated keff			
		ENDF/B-VII.0	JENDL-4	JENDL4+ORNL	ENDF/B-
					VII.0+ORNL
		LEU Thermal Con	npound Benchmarks		
leu-com-therm-008-	1.0007	1.00118	1.00136	0.99988	1.00134
case-1	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0016	0.00029	0.00029	0.00030	0.00031
leu-com-therm-008-	1.0007	1.00131	1.00109	1.00036	1.00036
case-2	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0016	0.00030	0.00029	0.00030	0.00029
leu-com-therm-008-	1.0007	1.00065	1.00064	0.99996	1.00000
case-5	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0016	0.00030	0.00029	0.00030	0.00031
leu-com-therm-008-	1.0007	1.00029	1.00053	0.99971	1.00070
case-7	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0016	0.00030	0.00029	0.00030	0.00029
leu-com-therm-008-	1.0007	1.00074	1.00014	0.99883	0.99991
case-8	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0016	0.00030	0.00029	0.00030	0.00030
leu-com-therm-008-	1.0007	1.00203	1.00175	1.00044	0.99891
case-11	±	±	±	±	±
	0.0016	0.00030	0.00029	0.00030	0.00030

#### **Resonance Evaluation at ORNL**



#### L. Leal (ORNL)

#### CSEWG, Nov 5-9, 2012



### <sup>239</sup>Pu Resonance Evaluation Presence of <sup>239</sup>Pu in a Nuclear System

- For a critical (or subcritical) nuclear system the fueltemperature reactivity coefficient is negative. The presence of <sup>239</sup>Pu can make it positive;
- The <sup>239</sup>Pu resonance at ~ 0.3 eV produces fissions and some capture and therefore increases reactivity;
- As the <sup>239</sup>Pu builds up more fissions are produced leading to a change in the reactivity;
- Determination of the <sup>239</sup>Pu content in the spent fuel and an accurate knowledge of the nuclear data is needed for a safe shipping and cask design;



## <sup>239</sup>Pu Resonance Evaluation

## Motivation:

• Existing resonance evaluation divided into three disjoint resonance parameter sets (computer limitations at the time ~ 1986) :

1.0×10<sup>-5</sup> eV - 1 keV, 1 keV - 2 keV, 2 keV - 2.5 keV;

Issues are:

- Cross section mismatch at the energy boundaries;
- Not easy to generate uncertainty for the whole energy region (zero correlations between energy regions);
- Solve long standing problem for thermal benchmark;

Early Evaluation (Leal/Derrien at ORNL - 2008)

• One single set of resonance parameters covering the energy range:

 $1.0 \times 10^{-5}$  eV to 2.5 keV;

- Cross section mismatch at the energy boundaries gone!
- Uncertainty for the whole energy region generated with correlations properly determined!!
- Does it solve the problem of thermal benchmark?



### Issues with ORNL Evaluation

- Results of plutonium solution calculations indicate no improvement using the new ORNL evaluation. Longstanding problem persists!!
- In some case the good results from previous <sup>239</sup>Pu evaluation deteriorated;
- Can the problem be solved?
- Efforts from ORNL, LANL and CEA (France)



### **Integral Benchmark Experiments**

- Benchmark from the ICSBEP;
- Plutonium Solution Systems;
- A good choice would be those benchmark experiments spanning the energy region from 0.01 eV to 3 eV
- Choice based on the Energy of Average Lethargy Causing Fission (EALF)



### Benchmark problem from ICSBEP

Benchmark	Experimental <i>Keff</i>	EALF(eV)	
PST1.4	$1.0000 \pm 0.0050$	0.0154	5 % <sup>240</sup> Pu
PST4.1 (sphere)	$1.0000 \pm 0.0047$	0.0531	5 % <sup>240</sup> Pu
PST12.10 (cubic tank)	$1.0000 \pm 0.0047$	0.0535	25 % <sup>240</sup> Pu
PST12.13	$1.0000 \pm 0.0047$	0.0428	19 % <sup>240</sup> Pu
PST18.1 (cylinder)	$1.0000 \pm 0.0047$	0.0761	43 % <sup>240</sup> Pu
PST34.4 (cylinder)	$1.0000 \pm 0.0047$	0.231	116g Pu/L, 1.42g Gd/L
PST34.15	$1.0000 \pm 0.0047$	2.730	363 g Pu/L, 20.25g Gd/L

EALF: Energy Average Lethargy Causing Fission <sup>22</sup> Managed by UT-Battelle for the Department of Energy





### JEFF3.1.1 Evaluation (work done at French Atomic Commission/Cadarache)

- Improves substantially prediction of thermal critical systems multiplication factor  $k_{eff}$ ;
- Work started based on the JEFF3.1 (ENDF/VII.1), that is, the three disjoint sets of resonance parameters;
- Some adjustments to other quantities such as nubar;
- Experimental cross section not well represented;





## **ORNL (USA) and Cadarache (France)**

#### Work Strategy

- Use the SAMMY code to perform resonance analysis using the best selected set of experimental time-of-flight data;
- Generate cross-section library with the NJOY code for use in benchmark calculations with the MCNP code;
- Generate cross-section library with the GALLILE (NJOY +CALENDF) code for use in benchmark calculations with the MCNP (USA), TRIPOLI and APOLLO French codes;
- Use a selected set of experimental benchmarks with average of neutron lethargy causing fission spanning the energy range from 0.01 eV to 3 eV;
- Use other benchmarks in addition to the ICSBEP. Examples are the MISTRAL and FUBILA experiments (MOX fuel) performed at the EOLE facility to test the evaluation in France;



#### EXPERIMENTAL DIFFERENTIAL DATA

Reference	<b>Energy Range</b>	Facility	Measurement
	(eV)		
Bollinger et al. (1956)	0.01 - 1.0	Chopper	Total Cross Section
Gwin et al. (1971)	0.01 - 0.5	ORELA	Fission and Absorption at 25.6 m
Gwin et al. (1976)	1.0 - 100.0	ORELA	Fission and Absorption at 40.0 m
Gwin et al. (1984)	0.01 - 20.0	ORELA	Fission at 8 m
Weston et al. (1984)	9.0 - 2500.0	ORELA	Fission at 18.9 m
Weston et al. (1988)	100.0 - 2500.0	ORELA	Fission at 86 m
Weston et al. (1993)	0.02 - 40.0	ORELA	Fission at 18.9 m
Wagemans et al. (1988)	0.002 - 20.0	GELINA	Fission at 8 m
Wagemans et al. (1993)	0.01 – 1000.0	GELINA	Fission at 8 m
Harvey et al. (1985)	0.7 - 30.0	ORELA	Transmission at 18 m
Harvey et al. (1985)	30.0 - 2500.0	ORELA	Transmission at 80 m



## **External Levels Determination**



2

National Laboratory

# **Cross Section Fitting**



### **Integral Quantities:**

✓ Benchmark experiments sensitive to the fission and capture cross sections, and also to nu-bar

✓ A right combination of capture, fission, and nub-bar may lead to an improvement on the  $k_{eff}$ ;

Eta and K1 are two important quantities in reactor calculations:

✓  $Eta(\eta)$ : six factor form

 $\checkmark$  K1: from first-order perturbation theory



Multiplication Factor:  $k_{\infty}$ 

Leakage

# Production

Absorption  $k_{\infty} \propto \eta = \frac{v\sigma_{f}}{\sigma_{a}}$  K1 Factor: first-order perturbation theory *Reactivity change:* δρ

$$\delta\rho = \frac{<\phi^{+}, \Delta H\phi>}{<\phi^{+}, P\phi>}$$

# $\Delta H = \Pr oduction - Absorption$

 $\sum Equivalent K1$  $K1 = v\sigma_f - \sigma_a$ 



and  $K1 = v\sigma_f - \sigma_a$ 

Benchmarks sensitive to K1, i.e., the difference:

production - absorption



Th	nermal values	and integral qua with SAMMY	ntities calc	ulated
Quantity	ANR	ENDF/B-VII.1 (JEFF3.1)	JEFF3.1.1	NEW (ornl/cea)
$\sigma_{_{\gamma}}$	$269.3 \pm 2.9$	270.64	272.72	270.06
$\sigma_{_f}$	$748.1 \pm 2.0$	747.65	747.08	747.19
$g_f$	$1.0553 \pm 0.0013$	1.0544	1.0495	1.0516
$g_a$	$1.0770 \pm 0.0030$	1.0784	1.0750	1.0771
$\frac{1}{v}$	$2.879 \pm 0.006$	2.873	2.873	2.873
$I_{\gamma}$	$180 \pm 20$	181.44	181.50	180.09
$I_{f}$	$303 \pm 10$	302.60	303.58	309.09
<i>K</i> 1	1177.25	1166.62	1156.35	1161.30

#### **ANR: Atlas of Neutron Resonance**

### ICSBEP Benchmark Results (everything else from BVII.1)



35 Managed by UT-Battelle for the Department of Energy

National Laboratory

#### **ORNL Resonance Evaluations and deliverables**

	Energy Range	Resonance Covariance Evaluation	Target date for delivery the evaluation
<sup>63</sup> Cu	Thermal to 300 keV	Yes	July FY2014
<sup>65</sup> Cu	Thermal to 300 keV	Yes	July FY2014
<sup>182</sup> W	Thermal to 10 keV	Yes	FY2014
183W	Thermal to 5 keV	Yes	FY2014
184W	Thermal to 10 keV	Yes	FY2014
186W	Thermal to 10 keV	Yes	FY2014
<sup>56</sup> Fe	Thermal to 2 MeV	Yes	FY2014
<sup>239</sup> Pu	Thermal to 2.5 keV	Use ENDF/B- VII.1 (FILE33)	FY2012
235U Battelle	Thermal to 2.25 keV	Use ENDF/B- VII.1 (FILE33)	FY2013

52 Managed by UT Battelle for the Department of Energy

ational Laboratory