

Covariance Activities at KAERI

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Resonance region - KERCEN KERCEN Updated

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- Originally developed by BNL+KAERI to generate covariances at the resonance region using kernel approximation to address some issues:
 - File 32 processing issues such as
 - decline of uncertainties after collapsing covariances into multigroup representations.
 - discrepancies between NJOY and PUFF in processing File 32.
 - Proper handling of scattering radius uncertainty.

- Recently updated to accommodate the MLBW formalism in addition to kernel approximation.
- One of its purposes is to validate kernel approximation, with more accurate formalism but based on the similar methodology.
- Uses a transparent formalism (using kernel approximation or new MLBW) based on resonance parameter uncertainties from the Atlas of Neutron Resonances.
- > Handles scattering radius uncertainty explicitly.
- Produces MF33 bypassing MF32 processing issues.
- Correlations have to be supplied by an evaluator.

Resonance region - KERCEN



Error Propagation Equation

Uncertainty of average cross section

$$<\!\delta\overline{\sigma}\delta\overline{\sigma}\!>=\sum_{i,r,i',r'}\frac{\partial\overline{\sigma}}{\partial p_{i,r}}<\!\delta\!p_{i,r}\delta\!p_{i',r'}\!>\!\frac{\partial\overline{\sigma}}{\partial p_{i',r'}},$$

where $\langle \delta p_{i,r} \delta p_{i',r'} \rangle$ is covariance of resonance parameters.

Sensitivity

$$\frac{\partial \overline{\sigma}}{\partial p_{i,r}} = \sum_{r'} \frac{\partial \overline{\sigma}_{r'}}{\partial p_{i,r}} = \frac{\partial \overline{\sigma}_{r}}{\partial p_{i,r}} \quad \text{where } i = \gamma, n \quad \text{(kernel)}$$

In KERCEN, entire resonance energy region is divided into smaller regions called bin. Resonance-potential scattering, scattering-scattering, capture-capture and scattering-capture and bin-bin correlations are supplied as input. Resonance region - KERCEN Multilevel Breit-Wigner (1) 한국원자력연구원 KAERI Korea Atomic Energy Research Institute

Average cross section (in the arbitrary energy bin)

for capture

for scattering

$$\sigma_n(E) = \frac{\pi}{k^2} \sum_l \left[\sum_J g_J \left\{ \left(1 - 2\cos 2\phi_l - \sum_r \frac{\Gamma_{nr}}{\Gamma_r} \frac{2}{1 + x_r^2} \right)^2 + \left(\sin 2\phi_l + \sum_r \frac{\Gamma_{nr}}{\Gamma_r} \frac{2x_r}{1 + x_r^2} \right)^2 \right\} + 2D_l (1 - \cos 2\phi_l) \right]$$
$$\overline{\sigma_n} = \frac{1}{\Delta E} \int_{E_l}^{E_2} \sigma_n(E) dE$$

Resonance region - KERCEN Multilevel Breit-Wigner (2)

Sensitivity to a resonance parameter

for capture



Resonance region - Results ⁵⁵Mn, capture





Resonance region - Results ⁵⁵Mn, scattering







Resonance region - Results





Resonance region - Results



⁵⁵Mn, scattering (Kernel vs. MLBW)



Resonance region - Results



⁵⁵Mn, scattering (Kernel vs. MLBW)





Resonance region - Results Covariances for ⁵⁵Mn





High energy region – Method and output



Covariance Evaluations (H.I. Kim)

EMPIRE-KALMAN used

Covariances above resonances

- Sensitivity matrices from 5 ~ 10 % variations of model parameters around optimal value
- Using uncertainties of measurements if available
- Using pseudo data with 10% uncertainty for the cross section of model calculation if no measurement is available

Covariance files in ENDF-6

- MF33 generated
 - MT=1,2,4,16,17,18,22,24,(51-91),102,103,107
- □ MF32 from ORNL for (²³⁷Np, ²⁴⁰Pu, ²⁴⁴Cm)
- Getting from JENDL-4 (nu-bar, fission neutron spectra, MF 31)



High energy region – Experimental data Experimental Data

²³⁷ Np		²⁴⁰ Pu	
total	Kornilov, Lychagin, Auchampaugh	total	Poenitz, Smith
elastic	Hoffman (?)	elastic	Smith
capture	Esch, Buleeva, Trofimov, Weston, Lindner, Stupegia, Hoffman	capture	Ivanov, Weston
fission	Basunia,Lisowski, Paradela, Cennini, Scherbakov, Meadows, Kobayashi, Jiacoletti, Brown, White,	fission	Tovesson, Laptev, Gul, Aleksandrov, Cance, Meadows, Khan, Kari, Fomushkin, White, Ruddick, Nesterov, Henkel,
(n,2n)	Gromova, Nishi, Landrum, Paulson		
(n,p)	Coleman		

✓ Problems

Too small uncertainties by too many measured data

Increasing uncertainties using scaling factor based on systematic errors if available or eye-guide No measured data

Introducing pseudo -data



High energy region - Results Results - total & Elastic



High energy region - Results



Results - Capture & (n,2n)





High energy region - Results Results - Fission



High energy region - Results Results - Inelastic







Conclusions

Resonance region:

- KERCEN has been updated to accommodate the MLBW formalism. It
 - uses transparent formalism,
 - bypasses File 32 processing issues,
 - handles scattering radius uncertainty explicitly,
 - takes inference effects into account.
- KERCEN has been tested for evaluating cross section uncertainties for the structural material, ⁵⁵Mn.

High energy region:

- Neutron cross section files of ²³⁷Np and ²⁴⁰Pu at high energy region have been produced.
- Covariance matrices for ²³⁷Np and ²⁴⁰Pu were generated by the EMPIRE-KALMAN approach considering sensitivity matrices of model calculations and uncertainties of experimental data