

Automated GENDF Data Validation @ AWE

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CSEWG Validation Committee 15th November 2011



AWE Nuclear Data

- Maintain UK Nuclear Deterrent.
- Provide data for modelling needed to support physics based certification.
- Mainly groupwise data, processed initially using NJOY.
 - Currently building NJOY processing capability, processing was contracted out, now is coming in house.
- Most recent libraries ENDF/B-VII.0, JEFF3.1.0, JENDL3.3 +Actinoid file.



Automated GENDF Validation

- GENDF files are big, in depth checking of cross sections and secondary distributions is impractical for large libraries.
- Developed an automated tool, NDval.
- Scans GENDF files checking all cross sections and secondary energy distributions



NDval data checks

- Test 1: Ratio of Pythagorean Means
 - Test for Large data spikes.
 - Arithmetic Mean
 - Harmonic Mean
 - Geometric Mean

$$\overline{\sigma_a} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_i$$

$$\overline{\sigma_h} = \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{\sigma_i}\right)$$

$$\overline{\sigma_{\varepsilon}} = \sqrt[n]{\prod_{j}^{n} \sigma_{i}}$$



Calculate ratio of these three means.

$$r = \frac{\sigma_a \sigma_h}{\left(\overline{\sigma_g}\right)^2}$$

- If r>> 1 data are dominated by few high values.
- Due to diagonal terms in elastic scattering matrices. Only off diagonal data are considered.



- Test 2: The Gradient Test
- Test for extreme changes in data, discontinuities etc.
- Checks the gradient $d\sigma = \frac{d\sigma}{d \ln E}$
- Extreme gradients can be physical features, diagonal in matrix data, resonances.



- Test 3: Gradient sign change test.
- Tests for rapidly changing data eg many small spikes.
- Calculates the number of times the sign of the gradient changes over a predefined bin.
- Can be physical features eg RRR



- Test 4: Comparison with a second library.
- Test for differences between two files.
- Reports significant data differences.
- What do you compare against, old data? Another evaluation eg JEFF, JENDL.



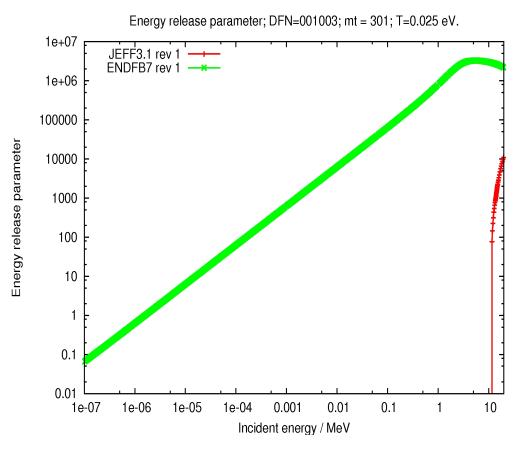
Interesting features in data.

- Used NDval on ENDF/B-VII.0 and JEFF3.1 GENDF files.
- Found a number of interesting features.
 - Missing data in total KERMA (MT301).
 - Discontinuities in data matrices and cross sections.
 - Spikes near threshold in secondary distributions.
 - Thermal tails in fission spectra.
 - Differences in cross sections.



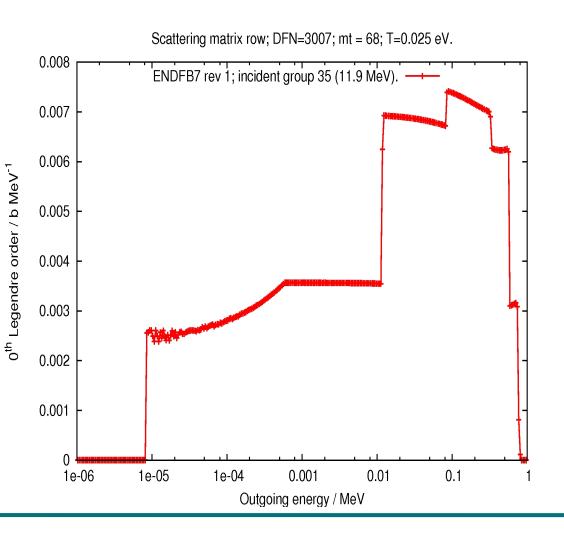
The energy release bug.

- JEFF3.1 and ENDF/B-VII vastly different.
 - 3 orders of magnitude.
- ENDF/B-VII agrees with older data.
- All reactions were not included in the calculation of the total.



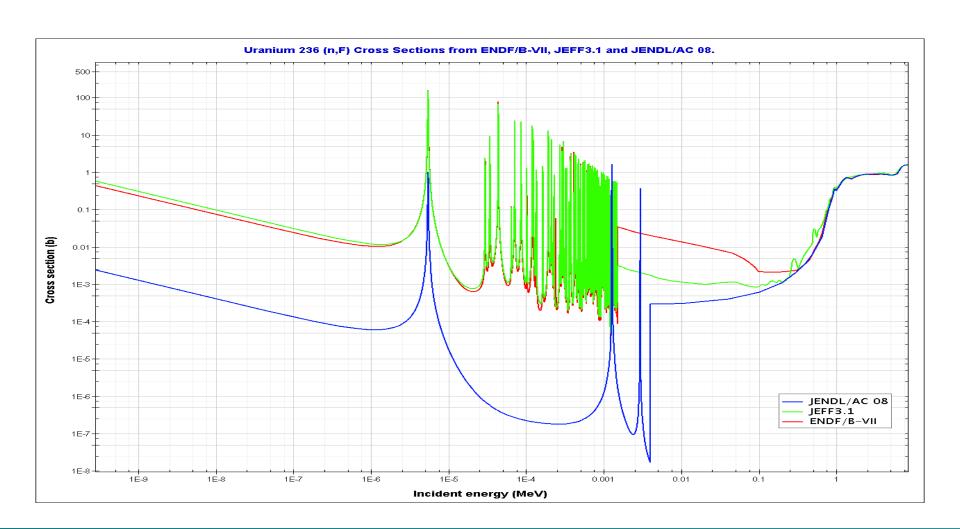


Data Discontinuities



- Li inelastic scattering.
- Occur in other secondary distributions.
- Discontinuities in the data.
- Caused by low resolution underlying data

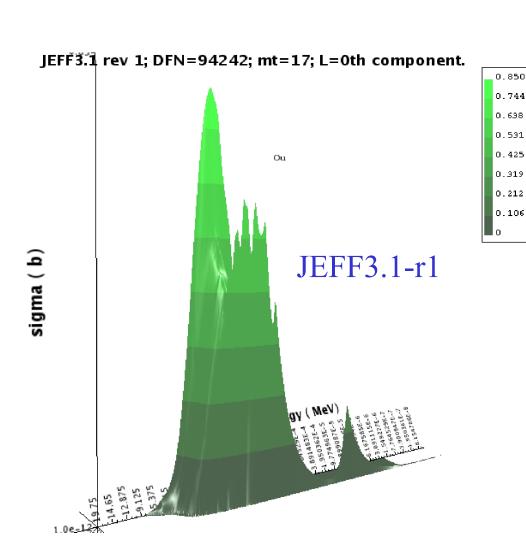






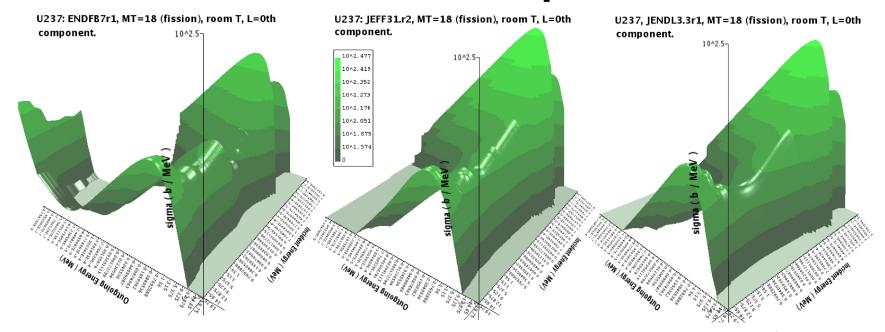
Threshold Spikes

- Occur in reactions with a threshold energy.
- Spikes in secondary distributions near threshold energy.





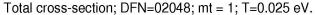
Thermal Tails in Fission Spectra.

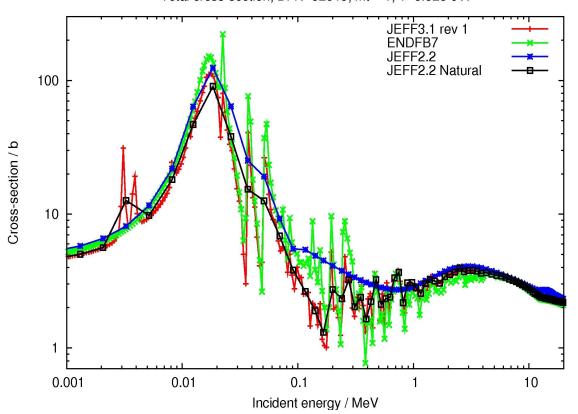


- U237 ENDF/B-VII has an unexpected thermal tail.
 - JENDL3.3 and JEFF3.1 don't have this.



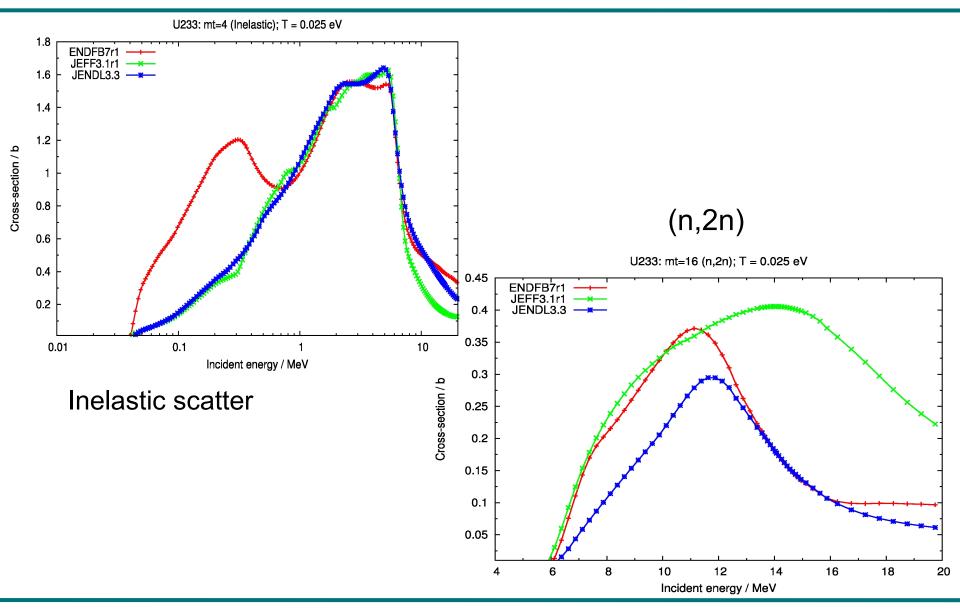
Cross Section Differences





- Factor of 2 disagreement.
- JEFF3.1 matches
 JEF2.2 Ti Nat data
- ENDF/B-VII shows better match to JEF2.2 Ti 48 data







- Creation and Development of NDval forms part of a greater programme of validation and data assessment.
- A project aiming to provide the best, validated cross sections to our users.
 - The LINDA project.
- NDval to be applied to ENDF/B-VII.1 when finalised.