Use of Cross-Section Uncertainty Data in Scale 6.1 Validation Studies

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Outline

- Overview of Scale 6.1 sensitivity/uncertainty (S/U) analysis tools for validation studies
- Criticality Validation of KENO codes for Scale 6.1
- Cross section uncertainty compared to C/E values
 - Pu Metal Systems
 - Pu Solution Systems
 - MOX Lattice Systems
 - LEU Systems
 - HEU Systems
- Summary





Computational Biases and Their Bounds

- Premise of TSUNAMI validation concept:
 - Computational biases are primarily caused by errors in the cross-section data
 - Errors are bounded by cross-section uncertainties represented in covariance data
- Uncertainties in cross sections are propagated to uncertainty in response (e.g. k_{eff}) through sensitivity coefficients
- Bias in the response should be bounded by uncertainty due to cross-section-covariance data





cale 6.



Tools for Sensitivity and Uncertainty Analysis Methodology Implementation

- Produces sensitivity of responses to cross-section data.
 - neutron multiplication: k_{eff}
 - 1D (XSDRNPM), 2D (NEWT), 3D (KENO)
 - reactivity: ρ
 - TSAR post-processing from 2 eigenvalue calculations (1D, 2D, or 3D)
 - generalized responses: fluxes, reaction rates, few group cross sections, ...
 - 1D (XSDRNPM), 2D (NEWT)
 - coming soon: fixed-source responses and sources
 - 1D (XSDRNPM), 3D (Monaco, Denovo)
 - coming soon: 3D GPT
 - Denovo
 - continuous-energy treatment
 - contributon approach



TSUNAMI Methods

- Uses both adjoint techniques and automatic differentiation with code coupling capability to accurately compute sensitivity coefficients.
- Monte Carlo and deterministic transport sensitivity analysis tool for accurately modeling complex geometries.
- Computes uncertainty in responses due to uncertainties tabulated in cross-section-covariance data.
- Uses S/U data in code validation for system-to-system similarity quantification, bias assessment, and gap analysis.
- Customized data visualization capabilities and user-friendly GUI driven input and output.





TSUNAMI-3D

Resonance Self-Shielding Continuous energy transport and Bondarenko Factor treatment for multigroup cross-section preparation with "implicit effect", up to 40% contribution for thermal/intermediate systems



KENO V.a or KENO-VI Forward/Adjoint multigroup Monte Carlo flux calculation with angular moments

Jnit.





Sensitivity coefficient generation **Uncertainty propagation** from cross-section covariance data to k_{eff}



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Sensitivities of k_{eff} of Shipping Cask to Cross-Section Data



ICSBEP Sensitivity Data

- Under DOE and NRC support, ORNL provides quality-assured SCALE inputs and sensitivity data files for distribution with the ICSBEP
- Files are developed according the SCALE procedure for Verified, Archived Library of Inputs and Data (VALID)





SCALE-CMP-012, Rev. 1

SCALE Procedure for Verified, Archived Library of Input and Data (VALID)

> Prepared by D. A. Reed

Nuclear Modeling, Design, and Safety (NMDS) Nuclear Science and Technology Division (NSTD) Energy and Engineering Sciences Directorate (EESD) Oak Ridge National Laboratory

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Scale 6 Covariance Library (401 materials)

Data Source	Materials			
ENDF/B-VII.0	^{152,154-158,160} Gd, ^{191,193} Ir, ⁷ Li, ⁹⁹ Tc, ²³² Th			
ENDF/B-VII-p	¹⁹⁷ Au, ²⁰⁹ Bi, ⁵⁹ Co, ²³ Na, ⁹³ Nb, ⁵⁸ Ni, ²³⁹ Pu, ⁴⁸ Ti, ^{233,235,238} U, V			
ENDF/B-VI	²⁷ AI, ²⁴¹ Am, C, C-graphite, ^{50,52-54} Cr, ⁶⁵ Cu, ¹⁵⁶ Dy, ^{54,56-58} Fe, In, ⁵⁵ Mn, ^{60-62,64} Ni, ²⁰⁶⁻²⁰⁸ Pb, ²⁴² Pu, ^{185,187} Re, ⁴⁵ Sc, Si, ²⁸⁻³⁰ Si, ⁸⁹ Y			
JENDL 3.3	¹¹ B, ^{240,241} Pu			
JENDL 3.3+BLO	¹⁶ O			
SG-26	^{234,236} U, ^{242,242m} Am, ²⁴²⁻²⁴⁵ Cm, ²³⁷ Np, ²³⁸ Pu			
BLO LANL evaluation +JENDL 3.3	¹⁰ B, ¹ H, H-ZrH, H-poly, Hfreegas			
BLO LANL evaluation	⁶ Li			
BLO Approximate Data	225-227Ac, 107,109,110m,111Ag, 243,244,244mAm, $36,38,40$ Ar, $74-75$ As, 130,132,133,135-138,140Ba, 7,9Be, Bebound, 249,250Bk, 79,81Br, Ca, 40,42-44,46,48Ca, Cd, 106,108,110-114,115m,116Cd, 136,138,139-144Ce, 249-254Cf, Cl, 35,37Cl, 241,246-250Cm, 58,58mCo, 133-137Cs, 63Cu, 158,160-164Dy, 162,64,166-168,170Er, 253-255Es, 151-157Eu, 19F, 255Fm, Ga, 69,71Ga, 153Gd, 70,72-74,76Ge, 2,3H, Dfreegas, 3,4He, Hf, 174,176-180Hf, 196,198-202,204Hg, 165Ho, 127,129-131,135I, 113,115In, K, 39-41K, 78,80,82-86Kr, 138-140La, 175,176Lu, Mg, 24-26Mg, Mo, 92,97-100Mo, 14,15N, 94,95Nb, 142-148,150Nd, 59Ni, 235,236,238,239Np, 17O, 31P, 231-233Pa, 204Pb, 102,104-108,110Pd, 147,148,148m,149,151Pm, 141-143Pr, 236,237,243,244,246Pu, 85-87Rb, 103,105Rh, 96,98-106Ru, S, 32-34,36S, 121,123-126Sb, 74,76-80,82Se, 144,147-154Sm, 112-120,122-125Sn, 84,86-90Sr, 181,182Ta, 159,160Tb, 120,122-126,127m,128,129m,130Te, 227-230,233,234Th, Ti, 46,47,49,50Ti, 232,237,239-241U, W, 182-184,186W, 123,124,126,128-136Xe, 90,91Y, Zr, 90-96Zr			

ENDF/B-VII.0: evaluated covariance data released with ENDF/B-VII.0	JENDL-3.3: evaluated covariance data in JENDL-3.3		
ENDF/B-VII-p: recently evaluated data proposed for future release of ENDF/B-VII.1	BLO approximate data: Io-fi covariances from BLO project (Brookhaven, Los Alamos, ORNL)		
ENDF/B-VI: evaluated covariance data released with ENDF/B-VI	BLO LANL evaluation: LANL R-matrix evaluation from BLO project		
	SG-26: approximate covariances from WPEC Subgroup-26		

KENO Criticality Validation for Scale 6.1

- Calculation of over 300 total configurations from ICSBEP with ENDF/B-VII.0 238-group and CE libraries
- Covers range of fissile material, fissile form, spectrum
- All models from verified library
- Available as ORNL/TM-2011/450
- Calculated-to-expected k_{eff} determined for each case and compared to evaluated experimental uncertainty and multigroup cross section uncertainties
- Cross section uncertainties from TSUNAMI-3D
- Indication that cross section uncertainties are too large
- Only 2 cases (0.6% of cases) outside 2-sigma cross section uncertainty







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◆ MG C/E ■ CE C/E …… 1 Sig. Exp. Unc. - - 1 Sig. MG Cross Section Unc.







Summary Data

- Standard deviation of C/E provides estimate of maximum uncertainty
- Estimate includes uncertainties in experimental description as another significant component
- Cross section uncertainties may be 1.4x 5x too large

Category	Ave. C/E	Ave. C/E Unc.	Std. Dev. C/E	Ave. MG XS Unc.	<u>XS Unc.</u> Std. Dev. C/E
HMF	1.00422	0.00041	0.00488	0.01330	2.7
HST	0.99904	0.00072	0.00587	0.00800	1.4
LCT	0.99851	0.00025	0.00197	0.00583	3.0
LST	0.99871	0.00083	0.00267	0.00556	2.1
MCT	0.99847	0.00087	0.00214	0.01054	4.9
PMF	1.00035	0.00068	0.00298	0.01399	4.7
PST	1.00430	0.00056	0.00432	0.01456	3.4



Summary

- A wide range of different systems were evaluated in the Scale 6.1 validation
- Good confidence in models and results because the models are taken from the verified library (VALID)
- Cross section uncertainties appear to be too large in all cases, though magnitude of over estimate varies
- Standard deviation of C/E values can be used to estimate an upper bound of total uncertainty
- Uncertainties in experiment descriptions are a significant contribution to C/E variation, but are neglected in ratios presented above
- High quality integral benchmark experiment data available for use



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